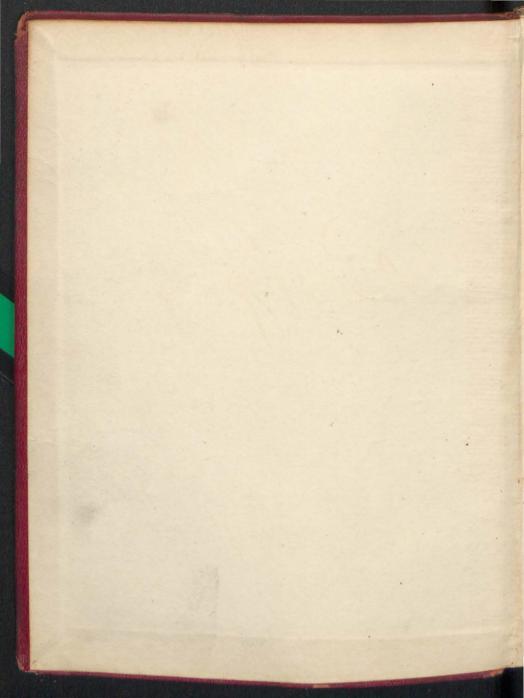
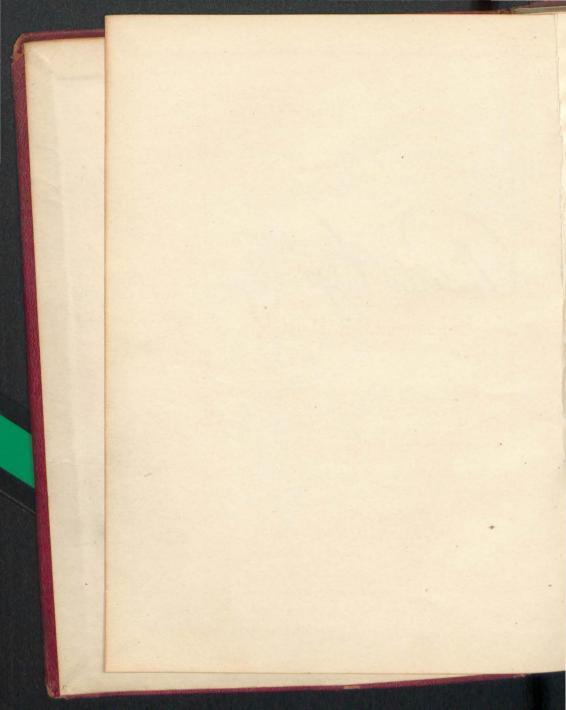
Compliments of Harry C. Pulliam.



Roberts H. Joung



CONSTITUTION

AND

PLAYING RULES

OF THE

National League

OF

Professional Base Ball Clubs

1905

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

PUBLISHED BY

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

NEW YORK AND CHICAGO

National League

Constitution of the National League of Professional Base Ball Clubs 1905

Name.

SECTION 1. This Association shall be called the National League of Professional Base Ball Clubs.

Objects.

SEC. 2. The objects of this League are:

 To immortalize base ball as the national game of the United States.

2. To surround it with such safeguards as to warrant absolute public confidence in its integrity and methods.

3. To protect and promote the mutual interests of professional base ball clubs and professional base ball players, and

4. To establish and regulate the professional base ball championship of the United States.

M'embership.

SEC. 3. This League shall consist of eight clubs (the membership shall not be increased or diminished except by unanimous consent of the League), located in and representing the following cities, to wit: Boston, New York, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis and Chicago, and in no event shall there be more than one club in any city.

Withdrawal from Membership.

SEC. 4. Any club member of the League unable to meet the obligations it has assumed may ask the League for permission to dispose of its rights and franchises as a member of the League in that city to some other corporation. In the event of this League giving its consent to the transfer

of membership from one company to another it must be understood that the new member shall assume with the franchise and rights of the retiring company all the liabilities, responsibilities and obligations entered into by the retiring company. It must also be understood by the retiring and new company that the company retiring shall not be relieved or released from any contract or obligation entered into by it to this League until all of said contracts and obligations have been fully paid and determined by the company accepting its membership, rights and franchises.

Admission to Membership.

SEC. 5. A company to be admitted to membership in this League must first deliver to the Secretary of the League a written application signed by its President and Secretary, accompanied by documents showing that such company is regularly organized, chartered and officered, and is prepared to fully comply with the provisions of Section 4 of this Constitution. Such application shall at once be transmitted by the Secretary to the Board of Directors, who shall immediately investigate and report upon said application, said report to be communicated to the League through the Secretary.

SEC. 6. The voting upon an application for membership shall be by ballot, a three-fourths vote being requisite for

election.

In Regard to Vacancies.

SEC. 7. In case a vacancy occurs in the membership of this organization during the championship season, the President shall nominate to all the clubs all applications for membership; and the vote thereon may be taken by telegraph or mail, as occasion may require, and a majority of all the clubs will be required to admit any applicant to membership. Such membership, however, shall continue only until the next annual meeting, but such club shall be subject to all the rules and requirements of this organization.

Termination of Membership.

3EC. 8. The membership of any club may be terminated:

1. By resignation duly accepted by a three-fourths vote of all clubs in meeting duly convened as provided in Section 4.

By failure to present its nine at the time and place agreed upon to play any championship game, unless caused by unavoidable accident in traveling. 3. By allowing open betting or pool selling upon its grounds or in any building owned or occupied by it.

4. By playing any game of ball with a club that is dis-

qualified or ineligible under this Constitution.

5. By offering, agreeing, conspiring or attempting to lose any game of ball; or failing to immediately expel any player who shall be proven guilty of offering, agreeing, conspiring or attempting to lose any game of ball, or of being interested in any pool or wager thereon.

6. By disbandment of its organization or club team

during the championship season.

7. By failing or refusing to fulfill its contractual obligations.

8. By failing or refusing to comply with any lawful re-

quirement of the Board of Directors.

9. By wilfully violating any provision of this Constitution, or the legislation or playing rules made in pursuance thereof, or any violation of the provisions of the National Agreement.

The Expulsion of Clubs.

SEC. 9. To carry into effect the provisions of Section 8 of this Constitution, the facts in any case covered by such section must be reported to the Secretary of the League, who shall at once notify by mail or telegraph the party charged with the specified default or offense, and inquire whether any dispute exists as to the facts alleged. In case the facts are disputed, the Board shall, after due notice, try the case under such regulations as they may prescribe; and their finding shall be final and conclusive on all parties except in case of expulsion, when such finding shall be forwarded to each club, which shall transmit to the Secretary written ballots "For Expulsion" or "Against Expulsion"; and if seven clubs vote "For Expulsion" the Secretary shall notify all clubs of the forfeiture of membership of the party charged.

Dues and Assessments.

SEC. 10. I. Each club shall pay to the Secretary, on or before the first day of April of each year, the sum of \$100.00 as annual dues; and such other sums as from time to time may be assessed for the payment of salaries of officers and umpires, and for such other expenses as may be incurred by order of this League or the Board of Directors. Also all fines and penalties imposed by said League or its Board of Directors upon a club or upon any club officer, player,

manager, scorer, or other employe when so levied and imposed by virtue of, and in accordance with, the provisions of this Constitution and the Playing Rules of this League.

2. Upon conviction of any of the offenses prescribed in Section 8 as causes for expulsion, the Board of Directors may, in the first instance, as a preliminary to, or in lieu of expulsion, impose such a fine as is in their judgment commensurate with the injury; which fine may include a penalty payable to any other club or clubs as an equivalent for damages sustained for such violation of this Constitution, or of the legislation or contracts made in pursuance thereof.

Officers.

SEC. 11. At its annual meeting the League shall elect a President and a Secretary-Treasurer and Board of Directors. The President shall be ex-officio Chairman of the Board of Directors. He shall report to the Board of Directors any violation of the provisions of this Constitution that may come to his knowledge. He shall be the sole interpreter of the Playing Rules during the championship season. He shall preside at all the meetings of the League, and at the annual meeting of the League shall act as schedule committee, unless said meeting shall otherwise direct.

Should the office of the President become vacant by death, resignation, or removal, the Board of Directors shall, within thirty days thereafter, elect a President. The office of President and Secretary-Treasurer may be held by the same person.

The Secretary's Duties.

SEC. 12. The Secretary shall be the Treasurer of the League, and as such shall be the custodian of all funds of the League, receive all dues, fees and assessments, which shall be placed to the credit of the Treasurer in some bank of deposit to meet current expenses. He shall make such payments as shall be ordered by the Board or by the vote of the League, and render annually a report of his accounts; and he shall give such bond, with approval sureties, as the Board may require.

SEC. 13. The Secretary shall have the custody and care of the official records and papers of the League; shall keep a true stenographic record of all meetings of the League and the Board; shall issue all official notices, and attend to the necessary correspondence; he shall also prepare and furnish such reports as may be called for by the Board,

and shall be entitled to such books, stationery, blanks and materials as the actual duties of his office may require.

SEC. 14. The Secretary shall keep a record of all infractions of the rules and regulations of the League that may come under his notice, and shall make a report on the

same to the Board at its next meeting.

SEC. 15. The Secretary shall receive such salary as the Board by vote shall determine, and shall be reimbursed for all traveling expenses actually incurred by him in the service of the League; and the Board may exact from him such guarantees for the faithful performance of his duties as they would deem for the interest and safety of the League. At the expiration of his term of office he shall account for, and deliver up to the Board; all the property and papers which may have come into his hands by virtue of his office.

SEC. 16. The Board of Directors shall consist of the President and four other members, to be chosen at the annual meeting by ballot, two of whom shall represent the

Eastern clubs and two the Western clubs.

SEC. 17. In case of vacancy in the Board by reason of the death, resignation, absence, or disqualification of any Director, the club of which he was a member, at the time he was chosen, shall designate his successor, and at once notify the Secretary. But if such vacancy is caused by the withdrawal, disbanding, or disqualification of a club represented on the Board, the Board may fill the vacancy by election in the same manner as provided for the election of Directors in Section 11.

Qualification of Directors.

SEC. 18. No person shall be qualified to act as Director who is not an actual member of the club he represents; nor shall any club under any circumstances, be represented by more than one person on the Board of Directors; nor shall any Director sit in the trial of a cause in which his club is interested.

SEC. 19. The Board shall meet annually on the morning of the second Tuesday in December, at 12 o'clock noon, at the place where the annual meeting of the League is to be held, but may hold special meetings upon the call of the President or two members of the Board, whenever urgent necessity may require.

SEC. 20. The Board shall prepare a detailed report of all their doings, and present the same in writing to the

League at its annual meeting; which report shall, if accepted, be filed with the Secretary, together with all official papers, documents and property which may have come into

their possession by virtue of their office.

SEC. 21. The Board shall have a general supervision and management of all the affairs, and business of the League, including the award of the championship and such other duties expressedly or impliedly conferred upon them by this Constitution, or by legislation made in pursuance thereof. It shall be the sole and exclusive tribunal for the trial of managers or players for any violation of this Constitution or of the playing rules or other rules of discipline, unless the League by a three-fourths vote of its club membership, shall otherwise direct. It shall be the sole and exclusive tribunal to hear and determine disputes between clubs, complaints by a club against the manager or player of another club, or by a manager or player against his own club, or an appeal by a player against fine, suspension or expulsion by his own club, or complaint by the President of the League against a club for failure to comply with Constitution requirements, and generally for the adjudication of all issues of law or fact arising out of this Constitution, the Playing Rules and other legislation made in pursuance thereof.

SEC. 22. The Board shall adopt such regulations and such rules of procedure for the hearing and determination of all disputes and complaints brought before them. Where such dispute is in relation to a game alleged to have been played in violation of this Constitution or of the Playing Rules, the complaint and accompanying proofs must be filed within five days after the date of said game with the President of the Board, who shall send a copy of the same to the other clubs, with orders to file its answer within five days thereafter. The President of the Board shall in the first instance decide the dispute on its merits and forthwith communicate his decision to both clubs, either of which may within five days appeal from said decision to the full Board. Said decision, together with all other documents and proofs, shall thereupon be transmitted for a mail vote to the different members of the Board. The finding of the Board shall be final, and under no circumstances shall be reconsidered, reopened or inquired into, either by the League or

any subsequent Board.

SEC. 23. The Board shall at once consider any complaint preferred by a club against a manager or player of another club (prior to the expiration of the championship season) for conduct in violation of any provision of this Constitution, or prejudicial to the good repute of the game of base ball; and shall have power to require the club, to which such player or manager may belong, to discipline him, and upon repetition of such offense to expel him. Provided, that such complaint be preferred in writing, giving such particulars as may enable the Board to ascertain all the facts, and such particulars shall be transmitted to the Secretary, by whom it shall at once be referred to the Board.

SEC. 24. In case a player, under contract with a League club, shall, during a current season, prefer a complaint in writing to the Secretary of the League against such a club, alleging that such club is in arrears to him for salary for more than fifteen days after such salary became due on account of such contract, the Secretary shall at once transmit to the said club a copy of such complaint, and require an answer thereto. On receipt of such answer, or if five days shall have elapsed without receipt of an answer, the Secretary shall refer the papers in the case to the Board of Directors, and should the Board find the player's complaint sustained, they shall require the club, under penalty of forfeiture of its membership, to pay to the player forthwith the full amount ascertained to be due him. Provided. that should the player refuse to serve the club pending action by the Board on his complaint, he will thereby forfeit the benefits of the award, and in such case the Board shall revoke his award.

SEC. 25. The Board shall promptly hear an appeal made by any person who shall have been expelled, suspended or disciplined by his club, except in cases of expulsion as provided in Section 38. Such person shall, within thirty days after the date of the expulsion, suspension or discipline, file with the Secretary a written statement of his defense, accompanied by a request that an appeal be allowed him. The Secretary shall notify the club of the request for an appeal, accompanying such notice with a copy of the appeal; and at the next meeting of the Board the club, by its duly authorized representative, and the appellant in person, by attorney or by written statement, shall appear before the Board with their testimony. The Board shall impartially hear the matter and render their decision, which shall be final and forever binding on both club and player.

SEC. 26. Any player under contract or reservation who may consider himself unjustly treated or wronged by his

club shall have the right to submit his case to the President of the League, who shall, after soliciting evidence concerning the matter, present the same to the Board for hearing, recommendation or adjudication. The Board shall have authority to impose any just fine or pecuniary penalty on a club, a manager or a player, if warranted by their findings and decisions, and they may impose the expenses of trials and hearings on one or both parties to the controversy. But such fine, penalty and expenses may be remitted by a three-fourths vote of the League upon appeal duly made and heard at an annual or special meeting.

Individual Club Control.

SEC. 27. Each club shall have the right to regulate its own affairs, to establish its own rules and to discipline, punish, suspend or expel its own manager, players or other employes, and these powers shall not be limited to cases of dishonest play or open insubordination, but shall include all questions of carelessness, indifference or other conduct of the player that may be regarded by the club as prejudicial to its interest, and not in conflict with any provision of this Constitution, or the Playing Rules of this League.

Punishment of Scandalous Conduct.

SEC. 28. The President of the League shall have power, upon proper proof, to suspend for a definite period and to impose a fine not exceeding \$200 upon any League manager or player guilty, in public, of gross misbehavior, including intoxication, fighting, quarreling, indecency or other scandalous conduct, whether on or off the playing field, during the season, where the same is, in his opinion, calculated to bring disrepute upon the National League or National Game. Such fine can only be remitted by the Board of Directors after a hearing upon appeal duly prosecuted.

Club Territorial Rights.

SEC. 29. Every club of this League shall have exclusive control of the city in which it is located, and of the territory surrounding such city, to the extent of five miles in every direction from its corporate limits, and no visiting League club shall, under any circumstances, be allowed to play any club in such territory other than the League club therein located, without the consent of the local League club.

Reservation of Players.

SEC. 30. Each club a member of this League shall be entitled to the right of reservation. On or before the 20th day of September in each year each club shall transmit to the Secretary a reserve list of the players whose services it desires to retain for the ensuing season, and who are then under contract to the said club for the current or for any succeeding season or seasons, and in addition thereto the names of such players reserved in any prior annual list who have refused to contract with said club. Such players, together with all others thereafter to be regularly contracted with, namely, players who have been secured by purchase or draft under the National Agreement for future services shall be ineligible to contract with any other club in this League except as hereinafter provided. No club shall have the right to reserve any player when in arrears of salary to him. The Secretary shall promulgate such lists on or before September 25th of each year.

Negotiating for Services.

SEC. 31. No player, without the consent of the club with which he is under contract or reservation, shall enter into negotiations with any other club for future services.

Contracts.

SEC. 32. Contracts made between a club and its players may be either by telegram or writing, to be followed within ten days thereafter by a contract in the form approved and promulgated by the Secretary to all the clubs of the League.

SEC. 33. The League shall adopt such form of contract as it may deem best for the protection of the rights of the parties thereto. All contracts must be approved by the Secretary and duly promulgated by him. Whenever a club releases a player, immediate notice must be given the President of the League, who shall, at once, notify all clubs of such release and for a period of ten days after such notice by the President, any other club of the League shall have the right to claim the player released and negotiate for his services and the player shall be ineligible to contract with a club of another League. Provided, however, that when a club desires to release a player out of the League, such club shall notify the President of the Na-

tional League, who shall immediately notify all other National League clubs of such desire. Failure of a club to notify the President of its waiver within ten days will operate as a legal waiver. If, however, a club of this League refuses, in writing, to waive claim, then the following rule shall apply: If the player sought to be released out of the League is a purchased player, or otherwise acquired save by draft, the President of the League shall fix the price to be paid by the club refusing to waive claim, with this proviso; that the amount so fixed shall not exceed \$1,000. If the player be a drafted player, then the drafting price shall be paid. In cases where two or more clubs refuse to waive claim, the claims of the clubs shall be determined by lot by the President of the League. In all cases, however, the club asking for the waiver shall have the privilege of retaining the player sought to be disposed of, if it so desires.

Suspension and Expulsion of Players.

SEC. 34. Any player, while under contract with, or reservation by, a League club, who shall without the consent of such club, enter the service of any other club in any capacity, shall be liable to expulsion by said League club. Whenever a club suspends or expels a manager or player, that club shall at once notify the Secretary of this League, stating the date when the same takes effect, and in case of suspension or expulsion, the cause thereof.

SEC. 35. No manager or player, who has been suspended or expelled from a League club, shall at any time thereafter be allowed to play with, or serve in any capacity, any League club (either the one expelling him or any other) unless the term of suspension by the club has expired, or upon his appeal to this League, such expulsion

or suspension shall have been set aside.

Effect of Club Disbandment.

SEC. 36. The disbandment of a League club, or its withdrawal from or loss of League membership, shall operate as a release of its players from contract and reservation with said club, but the right to contract with and reserve said players shall revert to the League, and they shall be subject to transfer to such other club as the League may designate after acceptance of their said services.

Playing with Outside Clubs.

SEC. 37. No game of base ball shall be played between a League club and any other club that has been expelled from membership in this League. No game of ball shall be played between a League club and any other club employing or presenting in its nine a player expelled, or under suspension from the League, or otherwise rendered ineligible by this League or a club member thereof.

Crookedness and its Penalties.

SEC. 38. Any person who shall be proven guilty of offering, agreeing, conspiring or attempting to cause any game of ball to result otherwise than on its merits under the Playing Rules, shall be forever disqualified by the President of the League from acting as umpire, manager, player or in any other capacity in any game of ball participated in by a League club.

Umpires.

SEC. 39. A staff of League umpires shall be selected by the Secretary before the opening of the regular season.

I. Applicant for the position of umpire must state age, residence, experience, habits and such other qualifications as may be prescribed on forms prepared by the Secretary, which must have the endorsement of those who from skilled and personal knowledge can recommend the applicant for the position.

Independent of such endorsements, however, the Secretary shall make inquiries and inform himself, as far as practicable, as to the merits and qualifications of each applicant.

2. They shall be paid such salaries and allowed such expenses as may be mutually agreed upon by contract between them and the Secretary of the League, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors of the League.

But at least ten per cent. of current salaries shall be withheld by the Secretary until the termination of his contract for that season to secure such deductions for absences and the payment of such fines as may be lawfully imposed.

3. In the event of the failure of an umpire to umpire a game assigned to him it shall be the duty of the Secretary to provide a substitute to umpire such game; and in such case there shall be deducted from the next payment to the umpire the sum of twelve dollars for each game as-

signed to him, which for any reason he shall have failed

to umpire.

4. Ît shall be the duty of each League club to accept as umpire for any championship game such umpire or substitute as the Secretary shall assign to such game. In the event of the non-appearance of the League umpire or substitute at the hour appointed for the beginning of the game each club captain shall then select one of the substitute players of the opposing club, and the two players thus selected shall be the duly authorized umpires for that game.

5. It shall be the duty of umpires to enforce the rules as they are written, regardless of personal opinion as to their merits, subject to the Secretary's instructions as to their proper interpretation. They shall familiarize themselves with these sections of the Constitution, obey all orders of the Secretary, assigning their services and wear such uniform on the playing field as he may designate.

Supervision of Umpires.

SEC. 40. All complaints against umpires shall be submitted in writing or by telegraph to the President, who shall take such steps as he may deem proper (governed by the gravity of the charges) to ascertain as to the competency of the umpire complained of and to verify, if possible, by his own personal observation as to his merits or demerits. If the complaint be for a wilful violation of this Constitution, or of the Playing Rules or for neglect or refusal to enforce any of said rules or for any improper or ungentlemanly language or conduct while officiating as an umpire, and if upon investigation it be substantiated, the President shall have the right to fine, remove, suspend or expel the offender, as in his judgment the offense may justify.

Committees.

SEC. 41. At each annual meeting of the League the President shall appoint a committee of three on Playing Rules, a committee of three on Schedule and a committee of three on Constitutional Amendments.

The Championship.

SEC. 42. The Championship of the United States, established by this League, shall be contended for yearly by the clubs composing the League.

SEC. 43. The championship season shall extend from

such date in April or May to such date in September or October as the League may determine at its stated or

special meeting.

SEC. 44. Every game played between two clubs from the commencement of the championship season to the completion of the championship series between such clubs shall be a game for the championship, and no League club shall lend or exchange players to or with each other for any game played during the championship season. Any violation of this section shall subject each offender to a

fine of \$100.

SEC. 45. Each club shall play twelve or more championship games with every other club; but a tie or draw game or a game prevented by rain or other causes shall be played off on the same ground on the next or a succeeding date of the same or subsequent series, whether open or scheduled for another game between the same clubs, thus compelling double games for said schedule date. If, however, both series shall have terminated, such postponed game must be played off on the ground of the other club on a date open or scheduled during a subsequent series

between the same clubs.

SEC. 46. Each club shall have half of the championship series of games with every other club played on its grounds, except as otherwise provided in Section 45; and in all the details of such games, that do not involve the rights of the visiting club under the Playing Rules, but relate solely to such games as attractive exhibitions to the patrons of the home club, the visiting club shall defer to the wishes of the home club; provided, nevertheless, that the home club shall not be permitted to change the usual hour for the commencement of scheduled games in its particular city more than thirty (30) minutes without first having obtained the consent of the visiting club thereto. under a penalty to the visiting club of \$500. The visiting club shall furnish to a person designated by the home club the batting order of its nine by 10 o'clock on the morning of the day of each game, or the evening previous, if requested. In case of the failure of any visiting club to furnish the batting order of its nine as herein stipulated, it shall forfeit the sum of \$10, which amount shall be immediately transmitted to the Secretary of the League, upon the receipt of notice from him of the infliction of such fine, which notice shall be given by the Secretary upon receipt of complaint from the home club.

It shall be the duty of the home club to furnish the

manager and captain of the visiting club with a list of the batting order before the commencement of the game under similar penalties for default as herein prescribed. The visiting club shall have the right to practice its nine on the grounds of the home club between 11 and 12 o'clock A. M. on each day of its visit during the championship season.

The Championship Schedule.

SEC. 47. All championship games shall be arranged in a written schedule prepared by the Schedule Committee, and reported to and adopted by the League by a three-fourths vote before the beginning of the championship season. The schedule shall provide for an equal number of return games, and shall specify the date of each game and the date of each series of games. No date in said schedule shall subsequently be changed, except (1) by written agreement of two clubs from a date fixed by the schedule for a game between such clubs to an open date on the same ground; or (2) as provided in Section 45; or (3) by the written consent of three-fourths of all the League clubs.

Any club or clubs violating this section shall be amenable to a penalty of \$1,000. Said penalty to be paid within forty-eight hours to the Treasurer of the League, or if not so paid to be withheld from any funds to their credit in the hands of the Treasurer. All games played in violation of this section shall not count in the champion-

ship series.

The Admission Fees and Receipts.

SEC. 48. The general admission fee to all championship games shall be fifty (50) cents, but each club shall designate a part of its grounds, and provide seats thereon, the admission fee to which shall be twenty-five (25) cents, and all division of percentages shall be made on the basis of fifty (50) cents, except as to that part of the grounds the admission fee to which is fixed at twenty-five (25) cents, and as to such part of said grounds all divisions of percentage shall be on the basis of twenty-five (25) cents.

At the conclusion of each championship game the home club shall deliver to the manager of the visiting club (and shall transmit by mail to the President or other designated officials of the visiting club a duplicate of the same) a statement of the receipts of said game, which must include all fifty-cent and twenty-five cent admissions, and shall pay to the visiting club fifty per centum of said receipts.

The Ball Park.

SEC. 49. Each park shall be provided with a sufficient number of exits and entrances (not exceeding four) for the accommodation of the public, and a separate entrance shall be maintained for the convenience of the press representatives and those entitled to the courtesies of the grounds.

I. Additional entrances may be opened upon holidays, but for such days the visiting club shall be given at least ten days' notice of the whole number and their location.

2. Emergency gates may be opened at any time by consent of the visiting club, if occasion requires.

The Turnstile Count.

SEC. 50. The number of persons admitted to the grounds shall be determined by the use of the necessary number of self-registering turnstiles, the arms of which shall extend within four inches of a dividing partition, the keys of which shall be delivered to the agent of the visiting club before the opening of the grounds for each game; and said agent of the visiting club shall have full access to such turnstile, and the box of such turnstile shall not be removed until after the close of the seventh inning, and in case a carriage gate is used a ticket for each person admitted through such gate shall at once be delivered to the agent of the visiting club. The visiting club shall have the right to accept the turnstile count for each and all games, or to count all tickets. Each club shall be required to use for its business substantial pasteboard tickets. which can be readily counted.

Special Entrance.

SEC. 51. No person shall be admitted free to a championship game, except players and officers of contesting clubs, umpires, policemen in uniform, necessary employes of the home club, representatives of the press and such invited guests as the President of the home club may deem proper to recognize, all of whom must pass through a self-registering turnstile at the special entrance provided for the press, and said turnstile shall be subject to the same right of inspection by the visiting club that is provided in all other entrances.

1. It shall be the duty of the President of the League to inspect all ball parks from time to time, and to report to the Board of Directors any failure to comply with this

or any other section of the Constitution.

Stopping Play to Catch Trains.

SEC. 52. On any day when either club is required to leave a city to, or in order to reach another city in time, where it is scheduled to play its next game, the home club shall be compelled, upon proper notice by the visiting club, to begin the game three hours and a half before the time of the departure of the last train by means of which either club can reach next scheduled point in time. And either club may leave the field at any time within one hour of said train time without forfeiting any rights or privileges, provided five innings on each side have been played, and the umpire shall be the sole judge of the time.

Giving out Admission Checks.

SEC. 53. In the event of a game being stopped by rain or declared forfeited before completion of five innings, the home club may issue admission checks good for the next succeeding game. If such checks are so issued, the visiting club shall not be entitled to its percentage of receipts; but if such checks are not issued the visiting club shall be entitled to its percentage of receipts, precisely as if the game had been fully played.

Forfeited Games.

SEC. 54. A club shall be entitled to forfeited gamesto count in its series as games won by a score of nine runs to none-in case where the umpire in any championship game shall award the game to such club on account of the violation by the contesting club of any section of this Constitution or of any playing rules. In the event of a forfeiture for any reason, the forfeiting club shall incur such penalty not exceeding one thousand dollars as may be imposed by the Board of Directors after a hearing held within one week from the date of such game, and any damages suffered by the non-offending club shall be paid out of such penalty. In addition to the penalty above referred to, the captain or manager, or the person in charge of the offending team and responsible for the team leaving the field, shall incur a penalty of one hundred dollars, which shall be paid within five days to the Secretary of the League, said penalty not to be remitted under any circumstances. In case such penalties are not paid within ten days after being imposed, the club and player cannot participate in a championship game.

Drawn Games.

SEC. 55. Drawn, tie and postponed games shall not count in the series as games (but any game of not less than five innings shall be included in the averages), but must be played off, if possible, as provided in Section 45. If they cannot be played off, as therein provided, they may subsequently be played off, if sufficient time exists before the close of the season.

Double games for one admission shall not be permitted unless previously scheduled as such or rendered compulsory by the playing off of postponed games, as provided in

Section 45.

Winning the Pennant.

SEC. 56. The club which shall have won the greatest percentage of games in the championship series, shall be declared the champion club of the United States, for the season in which such games were played. In the event that two or more clubs shall have won the same percentage of games, then the Board shall at once arrange a special series of three games between any two of such clubs, such games to be played at the close of the championship season, and the games so played shall be included in the championship record, and counted in determining the award of the championship. In such case only the provisions of this Constitution prohibiting the playing or recording as championship games, games played after the expiration of the championship season, shall have no effect. The emblem of the championship shall be a pennant (of the National colors) to cost not less than one hundred dollars (\$100). It shall be inscribed with the motto, "Champion Base Ball Club of the United States," with the name of the club and the year in which the title was won, and the champion club shall be entitled to fly the pennant until the close of the ensuing year.

Deciding the Championship.

The championship shall be decided in the following manner: Within twenty-four hours after every match game played for the championship, the home club shall prepare and forward to the Secretary of the League a statement containing the full score of the game, according to the system specified in the Playing Rules, together with the date, the place where played, the name of the clubs and umpire, provided that no tie or drawn game shall be considered a game for any purpose except the averages; and provided, further, that in any case where the Secretary shall not receive the score of a championship game within five days after the playing of such game, the club whose duty it is to forward such score shall pay to the League the sum of \$2 as the penalty of such default.

At the close of the season the Secretary shall prepare a tabular statement of the games won and lost by each club, according to the statement so sent him, which statement shall be the sole evidence in the matter, and submit the same, with the statement so sent him, to the Board, which shall make the award in writing, and report the same to the League at its annual meeting.

In making the award the Board shall consider:

The tabular statement of the Secretary.

2. Forfeited games.

3. Games participated in by clubs which have withdrawn, disbanded or forfeited their membership without completing their championship series with all other League clubs, such games shall be counted to the following extent:

The Board shall ascertain the least number of championship games played by such club with any club remaining in the League, and shall from the first game participated in during the championship series by such retired club, count in the series of each League club a similar number of games, and all other games participated in by such retired club shall not be counted in the championship series. Provided, that if such retired club shall have failed to play at least one championship game with every League club, all games participated in by it shall be thrown out entirely.

Meetings.

SEC. 58. The annual meeting of the League shall be held on the second Tuesday in December of each year, at 2 o'clock P. M., and at such places as shall have been determined by a vote at the previous annual meeting.

SEC. 59. Special meetings may be called by the President of this League on his own option or on the written call of six clubs.

Club Representation.

SEC. 60. At such meeting each club shall be represented and shall be entitled to two representatives, and to have in addition thereto any of its officers or ex-officers present at such meetings; but no club shall be permitted to send as a representative any person under contract or engagement as a ball player or manager, and belonging to

the nine of said club in such capacity. They shall, if requested by any other club representative, present a certificate of their appointment duly attested by at least two officers of their club showing their authority to act, but no club shall have more than one vote.

Executive Session.

SEC. 61. This League may, upon a majority vote of its members, elect to go into executive session for the transaction of its business, and during such session no club shall be entitled to more than two representatives.

Quorum.

SEC. 62. A representation of a majority of clubs shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but a less number may adjourn from time to time until a quorum is obtained. When obtained it may be maintained by locking the doors of the meeting room, the appointment of doorkeepers and such other procedures usual in parliamentary bodies to maintain quorums and dispatch business.

Order of Business.

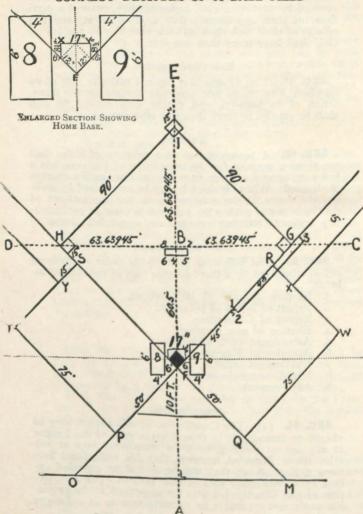
- **SEC. 63.** The following shall be the order of business unless suspended by a three-fourths vote of the club members:
 - I. Reading minutes of last meeting.
 - 2. Report of Board of Directors.
 - 3. Report of Committees.
 - 4. Election of new members.
 - 5. Amendment of Constitution. 6. Adoption of Playing Rules.
 - 7. Election of officers.
 - 8. Miscellaneous business.
 - 9. Adjournment.

Amendments.

SEC. 64. (1) The Constitution of this League may be altered or amended by a three-fourths vote of the League at any annual meeting, or by a unanimous vote at any other time. Provided, however, that this section and Sections 3, 8, 9, 38, 48 shall not be altered or amended except by a unanimous vote of this League. (2) Any section of this Constitution may be suspended or its provision made non-applicable by unanimous vote at a League meeting.

SPALDING'S OFFICIAL BASE BALL GUIDE.

CORRECT DIAGRAM OF A BALL FIELD



OFFICIAL PLAYING RULES OF PROFESSIONAL BASE BALL CLUBS

As adopted at the meeting of the Joint Playing Rules Committee of the National League and the American League, held at National League Headquarters, New York City, March 2, 1904.

The Ball Ground.

RULE 1. The ball ground must be enclosed and sufficient in size to permit the players of the team not at bat to be stationed at the positions respectively assigned to them by their captain. To obviate the necessity for ground rules, the shortest distance from a fence or stand on fair territory to the home base should be 235 feet and from home base to the grandstand, 90 feet.

To Lay Off the Field.

RULE 2. To lay off the lines defining the location of the several bases, the catcher's and the pitcher's position and establishing the boundaries required in playing the game of base ball, proceed as follows:

Diamond or Infield.

From a point, A, within the grounds, project a straight line out into the field, and at a point, B, 154 feet from point A, lay off lines B C and B D at right angles to the line A B; then, with B as a center and 63.63945 feet as a radius, describe arcs cutting the lines B A at F and B C at G, B D at H and B E at I. Draw lines F G, G E, E H, and H F, which said lines shall be the containing lines of the Diamond or Infield.

The Catcher's Lines.

With F as a center and to feet radius, describe an arc cutting line F A at L, and draw lines L M and L O at right angles to F A, and continue same out from F A not less than to feet.

The Foul Lines.

From the intersection point, F, continue the straight lines F G and F H until they intersect the lines L M and L O, and then from the points G and H in the opposite direction until they reach the boundary lines of the ground.

The Players' Lines.

With F as center and 50 foot radius, describe arcs cutting lines F O and F M at P and Q; then, with F as center again and 75 feet radius, describe arcs cutting F G and F H at R and S; then, from the points P, Q, R and S draw lines at right angles to the lines F O, F M, F G and F H, and continue the same until they intersect at the points T and W.

The Coacher's Lines.

With R and S as centers and 15 feet radius, describe arcs cutting the lines R W and S T at X and Y and from the points X and Y draw lines parallel with the lines F H and F G, and continue same out to the boundary lines of the ground.

The Three-Foot Line.

With F as a center and 45 feet radius, describe an arc cutting the line F G at 1, and from 1 to the distance of three feet draw a line at right angles to F G, and marked point 2; then from point 2, draw a line parallel with the line F G to a point three feet beyond the point G, marked 3; then from the point 3 draw a line at right angles to line 2, 3, back to and intersecting with F G, and from thence back along the line G F to point 1.

The Batsman's Lines.

RULE 8. On either side of the line A F B describe two parallelograms six feet long and four feet wide (marked 8 and 9), their distance apart being six inches added to each end of the length of the diagonal of the square within the angle F, and the center of their length being on said diagonal.

The Pitcher's Plate.

RULE 9. Section 1. With point F as center and 60.5 feet as radius, describe an arc cutting the line F B at line 4, and draw a line 5, 6, passing through point 4 and extending 12 inches on either side of line F B; then with line 5, 6, as a side, describe a parallelogram 24 inches by 6 inches, in which shall be located the pitcher's plate.

SEC. 2. The pitcher's plate shall not be more than 15 inches higher than the base lines or the home plate, which shall be level with the surface of the field, and the slope from the pitcher's plate to every base line and the home

plate shall be gradual.

The Bases.

RULE 10. Section 1. Within the angle F, describe a five-sided figure, two of the sides of which shall coincide with the lines F G and F H to the extent of 12 inches each, thence parallel with the line F B 8½ inches to the points X and Y, a straight line between which, 17 inches, will form the front of the home base or plate.

SEC. 2. Within the angles at G, I and H describe squares, whose sides are 15 inches in length, two of such sides of which squares shall lie along the lines F G and G I, G I and I H, I H and H F, which squares shall be the location of the first, second and third bases respectively.

RULE 11. The Home Base at F and the Pitcher's Plate at 4 must each be of whitened rubber, and so fixed in the ground as to be even with its surface.

RULE 12. The First Base at G, the Second Base at E, and the Third Base at H must each be a white canvas bag filled with soft material and securely fastened in place at the point specified for it in Rule 10.

RULE 13. The lines described in Rules 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 must be marked with lime, chalk or other white material, easily distinguishable from the ground or grass.

The Ball.

Section I. The ball must weigh not less RULE 14. than five nor more than five and one-quarter ounces avoirdupois, and measure not less than nine nor more than nine and one-quarter inches

in circumference. The Spalding National League Ball or the Reach American League Ball must be used in all

games played under these rules.

Sec. 2. Two regulation balls of the make adopted by the league of which the contesting clubs are members, shall be delivered by the home club to the umpire at or before the hour for the commencement of a championship game. If the ball first placed in play be batted or thrown out of the grounds or into one of the stands for spectators or in the judgment of the umpire, become unfit for play, from any cause, the umpire shall at once deliver the alternate ball to the pitcher and another legal ball shall be supplied to him, so that he shall at all times have in his control one or more alternate balls to substitute for the ball in play in any of the contingencies above set forth. Provided, however, that all balls batted or thrown out of the ground or into a stand, shall when returned to the field be given into the custody of the umpire immediately and become alternate balls and so long as he has in his possession two or more alternate balls, he shall not call for a new ball to replace a ball that has gone out of play. The alternate balls shall become the ball in play in the order in which they were delivered to the umpire.

Sec. 3. Immediately upon the delivery to him of the alternate ball by the umpire, the pitcher shall take his position and on the call of "Play," by the umpire, it shall become the ball in play. Provided, however, that play shall not be resumed with the alternate ball when a fair batted ball or a ball thrown by a fielder goes out of the ground or into a stand for spectators until the base-runners have completed the circuit of the bases unless compelled to stop at second or third base in compliance with a ground

The Spalding League Ball has been adopted by the National League for the past twenty-eight years and readopted in 1902 for five years, and is used in all League contests.

For junior clubs (clubs composed of boys under 16 years of age) we recommend them to use the Spalding Boys' League Ball, and that games played by junior clubs with this ball will count as legal games the same as if played with the Official League Ball. as if played with the Official League Ball,

Discolored or Damaged Balls.

Sec. 4. The ball in play shall not be intentionally discolored by rubbing it with the soil or otherwise damaged. In the event of a new ball being intentionally discolored, or damaged by a player, the umpire shall upon appeal by the captain of the opposite side, forthwith demand the return of that ball and substitute for it another legal ball, as hereinbefore described, and impose a fine of \$5.00 on the offending player.

Home Club to Provide Balls.

Sec. 5. In every game the balls played with shall be furnished by the home club, and the last in play shall become the property of the winning club. Each ball shall be enclosed in a paper box, sealed with the seal of the Secretary of the League and bearing his certificate that he has examined, measured and weighed it and that it is of the required standard in all respects. The seal shall not be broken by the umpire except in the presence of the captains of the contesting teams after "Play" has been called.

Reserve Balls on Field.

Sec. 6. The home club shall have at least a dozen regulation balls on the field during each championship game, ready for use on the call of the umpire.

Unfit Ball for Play.

Sec. 7. Should the ball become ripped or in any way damaged so as to be, in the opinion of the umpire, unfit for use, he shall, upon appeal by either captain, at once call for a new ball and put the alternate ball into play.

The Bat.

RULE 15. The bat must be round, not over two and three-fourth inches in diameter at the thickest part, nor more than 42 inches in length and entirely of hardwood, except that for a distance of 18 inches from the end, twine may be wound around or a granulated substance applied to the handle.

Number of Players in a Game.

RULE 16. The players of each club, actively engaged in a game at one time, shall be nine in number, one of whom shall act as captain; and in no case shall more or less than nine men be allowed to play on a side in a game.

Positions of the Players.

The players may be stationed at any point of the field their captain may elect, regardless of their respective positions, except that the pitcher, while in the act of delivering the ball to the bat, must take his position as defined in Rules 9 and 30; and the catcher must be within the lines of his position as defined in Rule 3 and within 10 feet of home base, whenever the pitcher delivers the ball to the bat.

Must Not Mingle With Spectators.

Players in uniform shall not be permitted to occupy seats in the stands, or to mingle with the spectators.

Uniforms of Players.

RULE 19. Every club shall adopt two uniforms for its players, one to be worn in games at home and the other in games abroad, and the suits of each of the uniforms of a team shall conform in color and style. No player who shall attach anything to the sole or heel of his shoe other than the ordinary base ball shoe plate, or who shall appear in a uniform not conforming to the suits of the other members of his team, shall be permitted to take part in a game.

Size and Weight of Gloves.

RULE 20. The catcher or first baseman may wear a glove or mitt of any size, shape or weight. Every other player is restricted to the use of a glove or mitt weighing not over 10 ounces and measuring not over 14 inches around the palm.

Players' Benches.

RULE 21. Section I. Players' benches must be furnished by the home club and placed upon a portion of the ground not less than twenty-five (25) feet outside of the players' lines. One such bench shall be for the exclusive use of the visiting team and the other for the exclusive use of the home team. Each bench must be covered with a roof and closed at the back and each end; a space, however, not more than six (6) inches wide may be left under the roof for ventilation. All players and substitutes of the side at bat must be seated on their team's bench, except the batsman, base-

runners and such as are legally assigned to coach baserunners. Under no circumstances shall the umpire permit any person except the players and substitutes in uniform and the manager of the team entitled to its exclusive use to be seated on a bench.

Penalty for Violation.

Sec. 2. To enforce this rule the captain of the other side may call the attention of the umpire to its violation by his opponents, whereupon the umpire shall immediately order such player or players as have disregarded it to be seated. If the order be not obeyed within one minute the offending player or players shall be fined \$5.00 each by the umpire. If the order be not then obeyed within one minute, the offending player or players shall be debarred from further participation in the game, and shall be obliged to forthwith leave the playing field.

A Regulation Game.

RULE 22. Every championship game must be commenced not later than two hours before sunset and shall continue until each team has had nine innings, provided, however, that the game shall terminate:

(1) If the side first at bat scores less runs in nine innings than the other side has scored in eight innings.

(2) If the side last at bat in the ninth inning scored the winning run before the third man is out.

Extra-Inning Games.

RULE 23.

(9) innings for each team, play shall be continued until one side has scored more runs than the other in an equal number of innings, provided, that if the side last at bat score the winning run before the third man is out in any inning after the ninth, the game shall terminate.

Drawn Games.

A drawn game shall be declared by the umpire if the score is equal on the last even inning played when he terminates play on account of darkness, rain, fire, panic, or for other cause which puts patrons or players in peril, after five or more equal innings have been played by each team. But if the side that went second to bat is at the bat when the

game is terminated, and has scored the same number of runs as the other side, the umpire shall declare the game drawn without regard to the score of the last equal inning.

Called Games.

RULE 25. If the umpire call "Game" on account of darkness, rain, fire, panic, or other cause which puts patrons or players in peril, at any time after five innings have been completed, the score shall be that of the last equal innings played, but if the side second at bat shall have scored in an unequal number of innings, or before the completion of the unfinished inning, one or more runs than the side first at bat, the score of the game shall be the total number of runs each team has made.

Forfeited Games.

RULE 26. A forfeited game shall be declared by the umpire in favor of the club not in fault, at the request of such club, in the following cases:

Section I. If the team of a club fail to appear upon the field, or being upon the field, refuse to begin a game for which it is scheduled or assigned, within five minutes after the umpire has called "Play" at the hour for the beginning of the game, unless such delay in appearing, or in commencing the game, be unavoidable.

SEC. 2. If, after the game has begun, one side refuse to continue to play, unless the game has been suspended or terminated by the umpire.

SEC. 3. If, after play has been suspended by the umpire, one side fail to resume playing in one minute after the umpire has called "Play."

Sec. 4. If a team employ tactics palpably designed to delay the game.

SEC. 5. If, after warning by the umpire, any one of the rules of the game be wilfully and persistently violated.

Sec. 6. If the order for the removal of a player, as authorized by Rules 21, 58 and 64, be not obeyed within one minute.

Sec. 7. If, because of the removal of players from the game by the umpire, or for any cause, there be less than nine players on either team.

Sec. 8. If, when two games are scheduled to be played in one afternoon, the second game be not commenced within ten minutes of the time of the completion of the first game. The umpire of the first game shall be the

timekeeper.

SEC. 9. In case the umpire declare the game forfeited, he shall transmit a written report thereof to the president of the League within twenty-four hours thereafter. However, a failure on the part of the umpire to so notify the president shall not affect the validity of his award of the game by forfeiture.

No Game.

RULE 27. pire if he terminates play on account of rain or darkness, fire, panic, or any other cause which puts the patrons or players in peril before five innings are completed by each team. Provided, however, that if the club second at bat shall have made more runs at the end of its fourth inning than the club first at bat has made in five completed innings of a game so terminated, the umpire shall award the game to the club having made the greater number of runs, and it shall count as a legal game in the championship record.

Substitutes.

RULE 28.

Section 1. Each side shall be required to have present on the field during a championship game a sufficient number of substitute players in uniform, conforming to the suits worn by their team-mates, to carry out the provisions of this code which requires that not less than nine players shall occupy the field in any inning of the game.

SEC. 2. Any such substitute may at any stage of the game take the place of a player whose name is in his team's batting order, but the player whom he succeeds

shall not thereafter participate in that game.

Sec. 3. A base-runner shall not have another player whose name appears in the batting order of his team run for him except by the consent of the captain of the other team.

Choice of Innings-Fitness of Field for Play.

RULE 29. The choice of innings shall be given to the captain of the home club, who shall be the sole judge of the fitness of the ground called by the umpire, he alone shall be the judge as to the fitness of the ground for resuming play after the game has been suspended on account of rain.

THE PITCHING RULES. Delivery of the Ball to the Bat.

Preliminary to pitching, the pitcher shall take his position facing the batsman with both feet squarely on the ground and in front of the pitcher's plate; and in the act of delivering the ball to the bat he must keep one foot in contact with the pitcher's plate defined in Rule 9. He shall not raise either foot until in the act of delivering the ball to the bat, nor make more than one step in such delivery.

A Fairly Delivered Ball.

A fairly delivered ball is a ball pitched or thrown to the bat by the pitcher while standing in his position and facing the bats man that passes over any portion of the home base, not lower than the batsman's knee, nor higher than his shoulder. For every such fairly delivered ball the umpire shall call one strike.

An Unfairly Delivered Ball.

An unfairly delivered ball is a ball delivered to the bat by the pitcher while standing in his position and facing the batsman that does not pass over any portion of the home base between the batsman's shoulder and knee. For every unfairly delivered ball the umpire shall call one ball.

Delaying the Game.

RULE 33. SECTION I. If, after the batsman be standing in his proper position ready to strike at a pitched ball, the ball be thrown by the pitcher to any player other than the catcher when in the catcher's lines and within 10 feet of the home base (except in an attempt to retire a base runner), each ball so thrown shall be called a ball.

SEC. 2. The umpire shall call a ball on the pitcher each time he delays the game by failing to deliver the ball to the batsman for a longer period than 20 seconds, excepting that at the commencement of each inning, or when a pitcher relieves another, the pitcher may occupy one minute in delivering not to exceed five balls to the catcher or an infielder, during which time play shall be suspended.

Balking.

A balk shall be:

RULE 34. Section 1. Any motion made by the pitcher while in position to deliver the ball to the bat without delivering it, or to throw to first base when occupied by a base runner without completing the throw.

Sec. 2. Throwing the ball by the pitcher to any base to catch the base runner without stepping directly toward such base in the act of making such throw.

Sec. 3. Any delivery of the ball to the bat by the pitcher while either foot is back of the pitcher's plate.

Sec. 4. Any delivery of the ball to the bat by the pitcher while he is not facing the batsman.

Sec. 5. Any motion in delivering the ball to the bat by the pitcher while not in the position defined by Rule 30.

Sec. 6. Holding of the ball by the pitcher so long as, in the opinion of the umpire, to unnecessarily delay the game. Sec. 7. Making any motion to pitch while standing in his position without having the ball in his possession.

Sec. 8. Making any motion of the arm, shoulder, hip or body the pitcher habitually makes in his method of delivery, without immediately delivering the ball to the bat.

SEC. 9. Delivery of the ball to the bat when the catcher is standing outside the lines of the catcher's position as defined in Rule 3.

If the pitcher shall fail to comply with the requirements of any section of this rule, the umpire shall call a "balk."

Dead Ball.

RULE 35.

A dead ball is a ball delivered to the bat by the pitcher, not struck at by the batsman, that touches any part of the batsman's person or clothing while standing in his position, or that before passing or getting beyond the control of the catcher touches any part of the clothing or person of the umpire while he is on foul ground.

Ball Not in Play.

RULE 36. In case of a foul strike, foul hit ball not legally caught, dead ball, or a fair hit ball touching a base runner, the ball shall not be considered in play until it be held by the pitcher standing in his position, and the umpire shall have called "Play."

Block Balls.

RULE 37. Section 1. A block is a batted or thrown ball that is touched, stopped or handled by a person not engaged in the game.

SEC. 2. Whenever a block occurs the umpire shall declare it, and base runners may run the bases without liability to be put out until the ball has been returned to

and held by the pitcher in his position.

SEC. 3. If the person not engaged in the game should retain possession of a blocked ball, or throw or kick it beyond the reach of the fielders, the umpire shall call "Time" and require each base runner to stop at the base last touched by him until the ball be returned to the pitcher in his position and the umpire shall have called "Play."

THE BATTING RULES. The Batsman's Position.

Each player of the side at bat shall become the batsman and must take his position within the batsman's lines (as defined in Rule 8) in the order that his name appears in his team's batting list.

The Order of Batting.

The batting order of each team must be delivered before the game by its captain to the umpire who shall submit it to the inspection of the captain of the other side. The batting order delivered to the umpire must be followed throughout the game unless a player be substituted for another, in which case the substitute must take the place in the batting order of the retired player.

The First Batsman in an Inning.

RULE 40. After the first inning the first striker in each inning shall be the batsman whose name follows that of the last man who completed his "time at bat" in the preceding inning.

Players Belong on Bench.

When a side goes to the bat its players must immediately seat themselves on the bench assigned to them as defined in Rule 21, and remain there until their side is put out, except when called to the bat or to act as coachers or substitute base runners.

Reserved for Umpire, Catcher and Batsman.

No player of the side "at bat," except the batsman, shall occupy any portion of the space within the catcher's lines as defined in Rule 3. The triangular space back of the home base is reserved for the exclusive use of the umpire, catcher and batsman, and the umpire must prohibit any player of the side "at bat" from crossing the same at any time while the ball is in the hands of the pitcher or catcher or passing between them while standing in their positions.

Fielder Has Right of Way.

RULE 43. The players of the side at bat must speedily abandon their bench and hasten to another part of the field when by remaining upon or near it they or any of them would interfere with a fielder in an attempt to catch or handle a thrown ball.

THE BATTING RULES. A Fair Hit.

RULE 44. A fair hit is a legally batted ball that settles on fair ground between home and first base or between home and third base or that is on fair ground when bounding to the outfield past first or third base or that first falls on fair territory beyond first or third base or that touches the person of the umpire or a player while on fair ground.

A Foul Hit.

A foul hit is a legally batted ball that settles on foul territory between home and first base or home and third base, or that bounds past first or third base on foul territory or that falls on foul territory beyond first or third base or touches the person of the umpire or a player while on foul ground.

A Foul Tip.

RULE 46.

A foul tip is a ball batted by the batsman while standing within the lines of his position, that goes sharp and direct from the bat to the catcher's hands and is legally caught.

A Bunt Hit.

A bunt hit is a legally batted ball, not RULE 47. swung at, but met with the bat and tapped slowly within the infield by the batsman with the expectation of reaching first base before the ball can be fielded to that base. If the attempt to bunt result in a foul, a strike shall be called by the umpire.

Balls Batted Outside the Ground.

Section I. When a batted ball passes RULE 48. outside the ground or into a stand the umpire shall decide it fair or foul according to whether the point at which it leaves the playing field is

on fair or foul territory.

Sec. 2. A fair batted ball that goes over the fence or into a stand shall entitle the batsman to a home run unless it should pass out of the ground or into a stand at a less distance than two hundred and thirty-five (235) feet from the home base, in which case the batsman shall be entitled to two bases only. The point at which a fence or stand is less than 235 feet from the home base shall be plainly indicated by a white or black sign or mark for the umpire's guidance.

Strikes.

A strike is: RULE 49. Section 1. A pitched ball struck at by the batsman without its touching his bat; or, SEC. 2. A fair ball legally delivered by the pitcher at which the batsman does not strike.

SEC. 3. A foul hit ball not caught on the fly unless the

batsman has two strikes.

Sec. 4. An attempt to bunt which results in a foul. SEC. 5. A pitched ball, at which the batsman strikes but misses and which touches any part of his person.

SEC. 6. A foul tip, held by the catcher, while stand-

ing within the lines of his position.

Foul Strike.

A "Foul Strike" is a ball batted by the batsman when either or both of his feet is upon the ground outside the lines of the batsman's position.

When Batsman is Out.

The batsman is out:

RULE 51. Section I. If he fail to take his position at the bat in the order in which his name is on the batting list unless the error be discovered and the proper batsman replace him before a time "at bat" is recorded, in which case, the balls and strikes called must be counted in the time "at bat" of the proper batsman. But only the proper batsman shall be declared out, and no runs shall be scored or bases run because of any act of the improper batsman. Provided, this rule shall not be enforced unless the out be declared before the ball be delivered to the succeeding batsman. Should the batsman declared out under this section be the third hand out and his side be thereby put out, the proper batsman in the next inning shall be the player who would have come to bat had the players been put out by ordinary play in the preceding inning.

SEC. 2. If he fail to take his position within one minute

after the umpire has called for the batsman.

SEC. 3. If he make a foul hit other than a foul tip, as defined in Rule 46, and the ball be momentarily held by a fielder before touching the ground; provided, it be not caught in a fielder's cap, protector, pocket or other part of his uniform, or strike some object other than a fielder before being caught.

SEC. 4. If he make a foul strike, as defined in Rule 50. SEC. 5. If he attempt to hinder the catcher from fielding or throwing the ball by stepping outside the lines of the batsman's position, or in any way obstructing or interfer-

ing with that player.

Sec. 6. If, while first base be occupied by a base runner. three strikes be called on him by the umpire, unless two

men are already out.

Sec. 7. If, while attempting a third strike, the ball touch any part of the batsman's person, in which case base runners occupying bases shall not advance as prescribed in Rule 55, Section 5.

SEC. 8. If, before two hands are out, while first and second or first, second and third bases are occupied, he hit a fly ball, other than a line drive, that can be handled by an infielder. In such case the umpire shall, as soon as the ball be hit, declare it an infield or outfield hit.

Sec. 9. If the third strike be called in accordance with

Rule 49, Section 5.

Batsman Must Obey Call.

Sec. 10. The moment a batsman's term at bat ends, the umpire shall call for the batsman next in order to leave his seat on the bench and take his position at the bat, and no player of the batting side shall leave his seat on the bench until so called to bat, except to become a coacher or substitute base runner, to take the place of a player on his team's batting list, to comply with the umpire's order to leave the field or to make way for a fielder.

BASE RUNNING RULES.

Legal Order of Bases.

RULE 52. The Base Runner must touch each base in legal order, viz., First, Second, Third and Home Bases; and when obliged to return while the ball is in play, must retouch the base or bases in reverse order. He can only acquire the right to a base by touching it, before having been put out, and shall then be entitled to hold such base until he has legally touched the next base in order, or has been legally forced to vacate it for a succeeding base runner. However, no base runner shall score a run to count in the game ahead of the base runner preceding him in the batting order, if there be such preceding base runner who has not been put out in that inning.

When the Batsman Becomes a Base-Runner.

RULE 53. The batsman becomes a base runner:
Section I. Instantly after he makes a fair hit.

Sec. 2. Instantly after "Four Balls" have been called by the umpire.

Sec. 3. Instantly after "Three Strikes" have been declared by the umpire.

Sec. 4. If, without making any attempt to strike at the ball, his person or clothing be hit by a pitched ball unless, in the opinion of the umpire, he plainly make no effort to get out of the way of the pitched ball and purposely permit himself to be hit.

SEC. 5. If the catcher interfere with him in or prevent

him from striking at a pitched ball.

Entitled to Bases.

RULE 54. The base runner shall be entitled, without liability to be put out, to advance a base in the following cases:

Section I. If, while the batsman, the umpire calls "Four Balls," or award him first base by being hit by a pitched ball or for being interfered with by the catcher in striking at a pitched ball.

SEC. 2. If, while the batsman, a fair hit ball strike the person or clothing of the umpire or a base runner on fair

ground.

SEC. 3. If the umpire award to a succeeding batsman a base on four balls, or for being hit by a pitched ball, or being interfered with by the catcher in striking at a pitched ball and the base runner be thereby forced to vacate the base held by him.

SEC. 4. If the umpire call a "Balk."

Sec. 5. If a ball delivered by the pitcher pass the catcher and touch the umpire or any fence or building within ninety (90) feet of the home base.

Sec. 6. If he be prevented from making a base by the obstruction of a fielder, unless the latter have the ball in his hand ready to touch the base runner.

Sec. 7. If the fielder stop or catch a batted ball with his cap, glove or any part of his uniform, while detached from its proper place on his person.

Returning to Bases.

The base runner shall return to his base without liability to be put out:

SECTION I. If the umpire declare a foul tip (as defined in Rule 46) or any other foul hit, not legally caught by a fielder.

SEC. 2. If the umpire declare a foul strike.

Sec. 3. If the umpire declare a dead ball, unless it be also the fourth unfair ball, and he be thereby forced to take the next base, as provided in Rule 54, Section 3.

Sec. 4. If the person or clothing of the umpire interfere with the catcher in an attempt to throw or the umpire be struck by a ball thrown by the catcher or other fielder to intercept a base runner.

Sec. 5. If a pitched ball at which the batsman strikes but misses, touch any part of the batsman's person.

SEC. 6. In any and all of these cases the base runner is

not required to touch the intervening bases in returning to the base he is legally entitled to.

When Base Runners are Out.

The base runner is out:

RULE 56. Section I. If, after three strikes have been declared against him while the batsman, the third strike ball be not legally caught and he plainly attempts to hinder the catcher from fielding the ball.

Sec. 2. If, having made a fair hit while batsman, such fair hit ball be momentarily held by a fielder before touching the ground or any object other than a fielder; provided, if it be not caught in a fielder's hat, cap, protector,

pocket or other part of his uniform.

SEC. 3. If, when the umpire has declared "Three Strikes" on him while the batsman, the third strike ball be momentarily held by a fielder before touching the ground; provided, if it be not caught in a fielder's cap, protector, pocket or other part of his uniform, or touch some object other than a fielder before being caught.

SEC. 4. If, after three strikes or a fair hit, he be touched with the ball in the hand of a fielder before he shall have

touched first base.

Sec. 5. If, after three strikes or a fair hit, the ball be securely held by a fielder while touching first base with any part of his person before such base runner touch first base.

Sec. 6. If, in running the last half of the distance from home base to first base, while the ball is being fielded to first base, he run outside the three foot lines, as defined in Rule 7, unless he do so to avoid a fielder attempting to

field a batted ball.

SEC. 7. If, in running from first to second base, from second to third base, or from third to home base, he run more than three feet from a direct line between a base and the next one in regular or reverse order to avoid being touched by a ball in the hands of a fielder. But in case a fielder be occupying a base runner's proper path in attempting to field a batted ball, then the base runner shall run out of direct line to the next base and behind said fielder and shall not be declared out for so doing.

Sec. 8. If he fail to avoid a fielder attempting to field a batted ball, in the manner described in sections 6 and 7 of this rule, or in any way obstruct a fielder in attempting to field a batted ball, or intentionally interfere with a

thrown ball; provided, that if two or more fielders attempt to field a batted ball, and the base runner come in contact with one or more of them, the umpire shall determine which fielder is entitled to the benefit of this rule, and shall not decide the base runner out for coming in contact with a fielder other than the one the umpire determines to be entitled to field such batted ball.

Sec. 9. If at any time while the ball is in play, he be touched by the ball in the hands of a fielder, unless some part of his person be touching the base he is entitled to occupy; provided, however, that the ball be held by the fielder after touching him, unless the base runner delib-

erately knock it out of his hand.

SEC. 10. If, when a fair or foul hit ball (other than a foul tip as defined in Rule 46) be legally caught by a fielder, such ball be legally held by a fielder on the base occupied by the base runner when such ball was batted, or the base runner be touched with the ball in the hands of a fielder, before he retouch such base after such fair or foul hit ball was so caught; provided, that the base runner shall not be out in such case, if, after the ball was legally caught as above, it be delivered to the bat by the pitcher before the fielder hold it on said base, or touch the base runner out with it; but if the base runner, in attempting to reach a base, detach it from its fastening before being touched or forced out, he shall be declared safe.

Sec. 11. If, when the batsman becomes a base runner, the first base, or the first and second bases, or the first, second and third bases be occupied, any base runner so occupying a base shall cease to be entitled to hold it, and may be put out at the next base in the same manner as in running to first base, or by being touched with the ball in the hands of a fielder at any time before any base runner following him in the batting order be put out, unless the umpire should decide the hit of the batsman to be an in-

field fly.

Sec. 12. If a fair hit ball strike him before touching a fielder, and, in such case, no base shall be run unless necessitated by the batsman becoming a base runner, but no run shall be scored or any other base runner put out

until the umpire puts the ball back into play.

Sec. 13. If, when advancing bases, or forced to return to a base, while the ball is in play, he fail to touch the intervening base or bases, if any, in the regular or reverse order, as the case may be, he may be put out by the ball being held by a fielder on any base he failed to touch, or by being touched by the ball in the hands of a fielder

in the same manner as in running to first base; provided, that the base runner shall not be out in such case if the ball be delivered to the bat by the pitcher before the fielder hold it on said base or touch the base runner with it.

SEC. 14. If, when the umpire call "Play," after the suspension of a game, he fail to return to and touch the base he occupied when "Time" was called before touching the next base; provided, the base runner shall not be out, in such case, if the ball be delivered to the bat by the pitcher, before the fielder hold it on said base or touch the base runner with it

Overrunning First Base.

SEC. 15. The base runner in running to first base may overrun said base after touching it in passing without incurring liability to be out for being off said base, provided he return at once and retouch the base, after which he may be put out as at any other base. If, after overrunning first base, he turn in the direction of or attempt to run to second base, before returning to first base, he shall forfeit such exemption from liability to be put out.

SEC. 16. If, before two hands are out and while third base is occupied, the coacher stationed near that base shall run in the direction of home base on or near the base line while a fielder is making or trying to make a play on a batted ball not caught on the fly, or on a thrown ball, and thereby draws a throw to home base, the base runner entitled to third base shall be declared out by the umpire for the coacher's interference with and prevention of the legitimate play.

SEC. 17. If one or more members of the team at bat stand or collect at or around a base for which a base runner is trying, thereby confusing the fielding side and adding to the difficulty of making such play, the base runner shall be declared out for the interference of his team

mate or team mates.

Sec. 18. If he touch home base before a base runner preceding him in the batting order, if there be such preceding base runner, lose his right to third base.

When Umpire Shall Declare an Out.

The umpire shall declare the batsman or RULE 57. base runner out, without waiting for an appeal for such decision, in all cases where such player be put out in accordance with any of these rules, except Sections 13 and 15 of Rule 56.

Coaching Rules.

The coacher shall be restricted to coach-RULE 58. ing the base runner only, and shall not address remarks expect to the base runner, and then only in words of assistance and direction in running bases. He shall not, by words or signs, incite or try to incite the spectators to demonstrations, and shall not use language which will in any manner refer to or reflect upon a player of the opposite club, the umpire or the spectators, Not more than two coachers, who must be players in the uniform of the team at bat, shall be allowed to occupy the space between the players' and the coachers' lines, one near first and the other near third base, to coach base runners. If there be more than the legal number of coachers or this rule be violated in any respect the captain of the opposite side may call the attention of the umpire to the offense, and thereupon the umpire must order the illegal coacher or coachers to the bench, and if his order be not obeyed within one minute, the umpire shall assess a fine of \$5.00 against each offending player, and upon a repetition of the offense, the offending player or players shall be debarred from further participation in the game, and shall leave the playing field forthwith.

The Scoring of Runs.

One run shall be scored every time a base runner, after having legally touched the first three bases, shall legally touch the home base before three men are put out; provided, however, that if he reach home on or during a play in which the third man be forced out or be put out before reaching first base, a run shall not count. A force-out can be made only when a base runner legally loses the right to the base he occupies and is thereby obliged to advance as the result of a fair hit ball not caught on the fly.

UMPIRE AND HIS DUTIES. Power to Enforce Decisions.

The umpire is the representative of the League and as such is authorized and required to enforce each section of this code. He shall have the power to order a player, captain or manager to do or omit to do any act which in his judgment is necessary to give force and effect to one or all of these rules, and to inflict penalties for violations of the rules as hereinafter prescribed.

RULE 61. There shall be no appeal from any decision of the umpire on the ground that he was not correct in his conclusion as to or out, a pitched ball was fair or forl, a base runner safe play involving accuracy of judgment, and no decision rendered by him shall be reversed, except that he be convinced that it is in violation of one of these rules. The captain shall alone have the right to protest against a decision and seek its reversal on a claim that it is in conflict with a section of these rules.

Must Not Question Decisions.

RULE 62. Under no circumstances shall a captain or player dispute the accuracy of the umpire's judgment and decision on a play.

Clubs Can Not Change Umpire.

RULE 63. The umpire can not be changed during a championship game by the consent of the contesting clubs unless the official in charge ness.

Penalties for Violations of the Rules.

RULE 64. In all cases of violation of these rules, by either a player or manager, the penalty for pire of \$5.00, and, for a second offense, prompt removal a period of such suspension from actual service in the club as the president of the League may fix.

Umpire to Report Violations of the Rules.

RULE 65. The umpire shall within twelve hours after fining or removing a player from the the penalty inflicted and the cause therefor.

RULE 66. Immediately upon being informed by the umpire that a fine has been imposed upon any manager, captain or player, the presiwhich he is a member; and, in the event of the failure of the person so fined to pay to the secretary of the League shall be debarred from participating in any championship

game or from sitting on a player's bench during the progress of a championship game until such fine be paid.

When the offense of the player debarred from the game be of a flagrant nature, RULE 67. such as the use of obscene language or an assault upon a player or umpire, the umpire shall within four hours thereafter forward to the president of the League full particulars.

Warning to Captains.

The umpire shall notify both captains before the game, and in the presence of RULE 68. each other, that all the playing rules will be strictly and impartially enforced, and warn them that failure on their part to co-operate in such enforcement will result in offenders being fined, and, if necessary to preserve discipline, debarred from the game.

On Ground Rules.

Before the commencement of a game the umpire shall see that the rules governing RULE 69. all the materials of the game are strictly observed. He shall ask the captain of the home club whether there are any special ground rules, and if there be he shall acquaint himself with them, advise the captain of the visiting team of their scope and see that each is duly enforced, provided that it does not conflict with any of these rules.

Official Announcements.

The umpire shall call "Play" at the hour appointed for the beginning of a game, an-RULE 70. nounce "Time" at its legal interruption and declare "Game" at its legal termination.

Suspension of Play.

The umpire shall suspend play for the

RULE 71. following causes: I. If rain fall so heavily as to cause the spectators on the open field and open stands to seek shelter, in which case he shall note the time of suspension, and should rain fall continuously for thirty minutes thereafter he shall terminate the game.

2. In case of an accident which incapacitates him or a player from service in the field, or in order to remove from the grounds any player or spectator who has violated the rules, or in case of fire, panic or other extraordinary circumstances.

Call of Time.

RULE 72. In suspending play from any legal cause the umpire shall call "Time"; when he calls "Time," play shall be suspended until he calls "Play" again, and during the interim no player shall be put out, base be run or run be scored. "Time" shall not be called by the umpire until the ball be held by the pitcher while standing in his position.

Decisions on Balls and Strikes.

The umpire shall call and count as a RULE 73. "ball" any unfair ball delivered by the pitcher to the batsman. He shall also call and count as a "strike" any fairly delivered ball which passes over any portion of the home base, and within the batsman's legal range as defined in Rule 31, whether struck at or not by the batsman; or a foul tip which is caught by the catcher standing within the lines of his position, within 10 feet of the home base; or which, after being struck at and not hit, strike the person of the batsman; or when the ball be bunted foul by the batsman; or any foul hit ball not caught on the fly unless the batsman has two strikes, provided, however, that a pitched ball shall not be called or counted a "ball" or "strike" by the umpire until it has passed the home plate.

RULE 74. If but one umpire be assigned, his duties and jurisdiction shall extend to all points, and he shall be permitted to take his stand him to discharge his duties. If two umpires be assigned to a game, the assistant umpire shall decide all plays at first and second bases.

Field Rules.

RULE 75.

No person shall be allowed upon any part of the field during the progress of a game except the players in uniform, the manager of each side, the umpire, such officers of the law as may be present in uniform, and such watchmen of the home club as may be necessary to preserve the peace.

No manager, captain or player shall address the spectators during a game except RULE 76. in reply to a request for information about the progress or state of the game.

Every club shall furnish sufficient police force to preserve order upon its own RULE 77. grounds, and in the event of a crowd entering the field during the progress of a game, and interfering with the play in any manner, the visiting club may refuse to play until the field be cleared. If the field be not cleared within 15 minutes thereafter, the visiting club may claim and shall be entitled to the game by a score of nine runs to none (no matter what number of innings has been played).

General Definitions.

"Play" is the order of the umpire to begin the game or to resume it after its suspen-**RULE 78.**

"Time" is the order of the umpire to suspend play. Such suspension must not ex-RULE 79. tend beyond the day.

"Game" is the announcement of the umpire that the game is terminated.

RULE 80. "An inning" is the term at bat of the nine players representing a club in a game RULE 81. and is completed when three of such play-

ers have been legally put out.

"A Time at Bat" is the term at bat of a batsman. It begins when he takes his po-RULE 82. sition, and continues until he is put out

or becomes a base runner. But a time at bat shall not be charged against a batsman who is awarded first base by the umpire for being hit by a pitched ball or for the illegal delivery of the pitcher or on called balls or when he makes a sacrifice hit.

"Legal" or "Legally" signifies as required by these rules. RULE 83

THE SCORING RULES.

To promote uniformity in scoring championship games the following instructions RULE 84. are given and suggestions and definitions made for the guidance of scorers, and they are required to make all scores in accordance therewith.

The Batsman's Record.

Section 1. The first item in the tabulated score, after the player's name and position, shall be the number of times he has been at bat during the game, but the exceptions made

in Rule 82 must not be included.

SEC. 2. In the second column shall be set down the runs, if any, made by each player.

SEC. 3. In the third column shall be placed the first base hits, if any, made by each player.

The Scoring of Base Hits.

SEC. 4. A base hit shall be scored in the following cases: When the ball from the bat strikes the ground on or within the foul lines and out of the reach of the fielders.

When a fair-hit ball is partially or wholly stopped by a fielder in motion, but such player can not recover himself in time to field the ball to first before the striker reaches

that base or to force out another base runner.

When the ball be hit with such force to an infielder or pitcher that he can not handle it in time to put out the batsman or force out a base runner. In a case of doubt over this class of hits, a base hit should be scored and the fielder exempted from the charge of an error.

When the ball is hit so slowly toward a fielder that he cannot handle it in time to put out the batsman or force

out a base runner.

In all cases where a base runner is retired by being hit by a batted ball, the batsman should be credited with a base hit.

When a batted ball hits the person or clothing of the

umpire, as defined in Rule 54, Section 2.

In no case shall a base hit be scored when a base runner is forced out by the play.

Sacrifice Hits.

Sec. 5. In the fourth column shall be placed the sacrifice hits.

A sacrifice hit shall be credited to the batsman who, when no one is out or when but one man is out, advances a runner a base by a bunt hit, which results in the batsman being put out before reaching first, or would so result if it were handled without error.

Fielding Records.

Sec. 6. The number of opponents, if any, put out by each player shall be set down in the fifth column. Where the batsman is given out by the umpire for a foul strike, or fails to bat in proper order, the put-out shall be scored to the catcher. In cases of the base runner being declared "out" for interference, running out of line, or on an infield fly, the "out" should be credited to the player who would have made the play but for the action of the base runner or the announcement of the umpire.

Sec. 7. The number of times, if any, each player assists in putting out an opponent shall be set down in the sixth column. An assist should be given to each player who handles the ball in aiding in a run out or any other play

of the kind, except the one who completes it.

An assist should be given to a player who makes a play in time to put a runner out, even if the player who could complete the play fail, through no fault of the assisting

player.

And generally an assist should be given to each player who handles or assists in any manner in handling the ball from the time it leaves the bat until it reaches the player who makes the put-out, or in case of a thrown ball, to each player who throws or handles it cleanly, and in such a way that a put-out results, or would result if no error were made by a team-mate.

Assists should be credited to every player who handles the ball in the play which results in a base runner being called "out" for interference or for running out of line.

Errors.

SEC. 8. An error shall be given in the seventh column for each misplay which prolongs the time at bat of the batsman or allows a base runner to make one or more bases when perfect play would have insured his being put out. But a wild pitch, a base on balls, a base awarded to a batsman by being struck by a pitched ball, an illegal pitch, a balk and a passed ball, each of which is a battery and not a fielding error, shall not be included in the seventh column.

An error shall not be charged against the catcher for a wild throw in an attempt to prevent a stolen base, unless the base runner advance an extra base because of the error.

An error shall not be scored against the catcher or an

infielder who attempts to complete a double play, unless the throw be so wild that an additional base be gained.

In case a base runner advance a base through the failure of a baseman to stop or try to stop a ball accurately thrown to his base, he shall be charged with an error and not the player who made such throw, provided there were occasion for it. If such throw be made to second base the scorer shall determine whether the second baseman or shortstop shall be charged with an error.

Stolen Bases.

Sec. 9. A stolen base shall be credited to the base runner whenever he advances a base unaided by a base hit, a put-out, a fielding or a battery error.

The Summary.

RULE 86. The Summary shall contain:
Section 1. The score made in each inning of the game and the total runs of each

side in the game.

SEC. 2. The number of stolen bases, if any, by each player.

SEC. 3. The number of two-base hits, if any, made by

each player.

Sec. 4. The number of three-base hits, if any, made by each player.

SEC. 5. The number of home runs, if any, made by each player.

Sec. 6. The number of double and triple plays, if any, made by each side and the names of the players assisting in the same.

Sec. 7. The number of innings each pitcher pitched in. Sec. 8. The number of base hits, if any, made off each pitcher.

Sec. 9. The number of times, if any, the pitcher strikes out the opposing batsmen.

Sec. 10. The number of times, if any, the pitcher gives bases on balls.

Sec. 11. The number of wild pitches, if any, charged to the pitcher.

Sec. 12. The number of times, if any, the pitcher hits a batsman with a pitched ball.

SEC. 13. The number of passed balls by each catcher.

SEC. 14. The time of the game. SEC. 15. The name of the umpire.

To Umpires, Managers and Players

The Hart-Fleischmann resolution for the preservation of good order on the ball field, which was enacted and made perpetual in 1903, was amended at the last annual meeting of the National League in December, 1904.

The amendment is as follows:

"Any player removed by an umpire for a violation of the Playing Rules during the season of 1905 SHALL BE FINED ten dollars by the President of the League for EACH REMOVAL; and if, in addition thereto, the player so removed BE SUSPENDED by the President of the League, said suspension shall carry with it a FINE OF TEN DOLLARS FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT DAY SO SUSPENDED. This fine MUST be paid by the player into the treasury of the League WITHIN FIVE DAYS after the levying of such fine; otherwise the player will be ineligible to play until fine is paid."

Respectfully,

HARRY C. PULLIAM,
President.

Annual Meeting of the National League of Professional Base Ball Clubs

Held at the Victoria Hotel, New York City, Wednesday and Thursday, December 13 and 14, 1904.

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, DECEMBER 13, 14, 1904.

Meeting called to order at 3 P. M.

President Harry C. Pulliam in the Chair; John A. Heydler acting as Secretary.

Present:

A. H. Soden and W. H. Conant, representing the Boston Base Ball Association.

C. H. EBBETS and EDWARD HANLON, representing the Brooklyn Ball Club.

James A. Hart, representing the Chicago League Ball Club.

August Herrmann, Julius Fleischmann and Max Fleischmann, representing the Cincinnati Exhibition Company.

JOHN T. BRUSH and FRED KNOWLES, representing the National Exhibition Company.

BARNEY DREYFUSS and WILL LOCKE, representing the Pittsburg Athletic Company.

The Chair announced that, owing to illness in the family of Mr. Frank deHass Robison, the St. Louis Club would not be represented at the meeting.

William J. Shettsline presented his credentials as President of the newly elected "Philadelphia Ball Company," and Mr. Shettsline's name was added to the roll-call as representing the Philadelphia Ball Company.

The minutes of the Reconvened Annual Meeting of March 1 to 4, 1904, were read, corrected and approved.

Chairman Soden of the Board of Directors presented the Report of the Board, which carried with it the award of the Championship of the National League for 1904 to the New York Club; the approval of the final Report of Trustee N. E. Young, covering the League Reduction Fund; the approval of the Report of H. C. Pulliam as Treasurer of the League from December 1, 1903, to December 10, 1904, and the approval of Report of H. C. Pulliam as Trustee on receipts and disbursements of 5 per cent. Fund for 1904.

On motion, the Report of the Board of Directors was accepted and approved.

President Pulliam then read his Annual Report for the season of 1904, which was ordered spread upon the records.

The election of officers being in order, the Secretary of the meeting was instructed to cast the vote of the League for Harry C. Pulliam as President, Secretary and Treasurer for the ensuing year.

On motion, 'the Board of Directors-Messrs. Soden, Brush, Hart and Dreyfuss-was re-elected for the ensuing year.

On motion, a vote of thanks was tendered Mr. N. E. Young for the faithful manner in which he had discharged his duties as Trustee of the League Reduction Fund.

A communication from President John T. Brush of the New York Base Ball Club, relative to the League taking action to secure the proper supervision and regulation of games for the World's Championship, was read.

On motion, recess was taken until December 14.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1904.

Meeting re-convened at 1:10 P. M.

All clubs represented save St. Louis. On motion of Mr. Herrmann, authority was delegated

to the National Commission to arrange proper rules and

regulations for the playing of World's Championship contests, said rules and regulations to be referred back to the National and American Leagues for their approval before becoming effective.

On motion, it was provided that any player removed from the game by the umpire during the season of 1905 shall be fined \$10 and that, in addition, if the player so removed be further suspended by the President of the League, he shall be fined \$10 for each day of suspension, the fine to be paid within five days.

The matter of changes in the National Agreement was brought up and the opportunity given Mr. Howard Griffith to present the wishes of the National Association in the matter.

On motion, the League voted its approval of the concessions asked by the National Association,

On motion of Mr. Hart, the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

On motion the Board of Decelor-Meets

Reconvened Annual Meeting of the National League of Professional Base Ball Clubs

Held at the Victoria Hotel, New York City, Wednesday and Thursday, February 15 and 16, 1905.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1905.

Meeting called to order at 2:30 P. M.

President Pulliam in the Chair; John A. Heydler acting as Secretary.

Present:

A. H. Soden, representing the Boston Base Ball Association.

C. H. EBBETS and EDWARD HANLON, representing the Brooklyn Ball Club.

James A. Hart, representing the Chicago League Ball Club.

August Hermann, representing the Cincinnati Exhibition Company.

FRED KNOWLES, representing the National Exhibition Company.

WILLIAM SHETTSLINE and D. LEROY REEVES, representing the Philadelphia Ball Company.

WILL LOCKE, representing the Pittsburg Athletic Company.

Frank de Hass Robison, representing the American Base Ball and Athletic Exhibition Company of St. Louis.

The minutes of the December, 1904, meeting were read and approved.

The Board of Directors presented its findings in the case of John W. Taylor, pitcher of the St. Louis Club, which, upon motion, were received and approved.

On motion, it was decided that when this meeting acjourns it do so subject to the call of the Chair.

Chairman Herrmann, of the National Commission, laid before the meeting the proposed amendments to the National Agreement, which the League instructed President Pulliam to vote for when the matter came up for action before the National Commission.

A recess was taken until Thursday, February 16.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1905.

Meeting called to order at 7 P. M. by the President.

President Pulliam presented the playing schedule for the season of 1005, which was adopted.

Mr. Ebbets, from the Committee on Constitution, offered an amendment to Section 33 of the National League Constitution, which was adopted.

Mr. Herrmann, on behalf of the National Commission, presented the rules and regulations for the government of the World's Championship series, which, upon motion of Mr. Hart, were adopted.

The Rules Committee of the League was instructed to meet with a like committee of the American League.

At 8:30 P. M. the League adjourned, subject to the call of the Chair.

Officers and Members

The following is an official list of the officers of the National League of Professional Base Ball Clubs, and Officers of Clubs, Members thereof, for the season of 1905:

President, Secretary and Treasurer
HARRY C. PULLIAM,
Rooms 1424-1426 St. James Building, New York City.
Telephone, 2209 Madison (Long Distance).

Board of Directors

A. H. Soden, James A. Hart, John T. Brush and Barney Dreyfuss.

BOSTON BASE BALL ASSOCIATION, BOSTON, MASS.
A. H. Soden, President, 410 Atlantic Ave.

J. B. BILLINGS, Treasurer, Box 1756.

BROOKLYN BASE BALL CLUB, BROOKLYN, N. Y.
CHARLES H. EBBETS, President. H. R. VON DER HORST, Secretary.
HENRY W. MEDICUS, Treasurer. C. H. EBBETS, Jr., Asst. Secretary.

CINCINNATI EXHIBITION COMPANY, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

AUGUST HERRMANN, President,

MAX C. FLEISCHMANN, Secretary and Treasurer, Wiggins Block.

CHICAGO LEAGUE BALL CLUB, CHICAGO, ILL.
JAMES A. HART, President, Fisher Building.

PITTSBURG ATHLETIC COMPANY, PITTSBURG, PA.
BARNEY DREYFUSS, President, W. H. Locke, Secretary,
903 Farmers' Bank Building.

PHILADELPHIA BALL COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

WM. J. SHETTSLINE, President,

D. LEROY REEVES, Secretary, 819-21 Real Estate and Trust Building.

NATIONAL EXHIBITION COMPANY, NEW YORK.

JOHN T. BRUSH, President,

FRED M. KNOWLES, Secretary-Treasurer, Room 726 St. James Building.

AMERICAN BASE BALL AND ATHLETIC EXHIBITION COMPANY OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

FRANK DEHASS ROBISON, President,

M. STANLEY ROBISON, Treasurer. B. S. MUCKENFUSS, Secretary.

NATIONAL LEAGUE AVERAGES

	T	EAM	BA	TTIN	G.					
G.	AB. B	t. H	Ī.	TB.	2B.	3B.	HR.	SH.	SB.	PC.
New York157		14 13		1773	201	66	31	166	283	.267
Pittsburg156			33	1746	164	102	15	124	178	.258
Cincinnati157		92 13		1768	189	92	21	135	179	.258
St. Louis155	5104 60			1671	175	66	24	129	199	.253
Chicago156	5210 59			1641	157	62	22	141	227	.248
Philadelphia155	5103 5			1615	170	54	23	119	159	.248
Boston155						50	24	101	143	.237
Brooklyn154			42	1542	153 159	53	15	129	205	.232
Droomin	3911 33	94 11	44	1452	199	90	10	120	200	, 202
	INDIV	TDITA	T. T	RATT	ING					
							2D	TID S	H. SB.	PC.
***	G.	AB.	R.	H.	TB.					
Wagner, Pittsburg	132	490	27	171	255	44	14	4 5		.349
Donlin, CinciN. Y.	96	368	59	121	168	18	10	3 7		.329
Beckley, St. Louis	142	551	72	179	222	22	9	1 15		.325
Seymour, Cincinnati .	130	531	71	166	233	26	13	5 7		. 312
Grady, St. Louis	92	323	44	101	153	15	11	5 7		.313
Chance, Chicago	124	451	89	140	194	16	10	6 11		.310
Dunn, New York		181	27	56	75	12	2	1 5		.309
Clarke, Pittsburg	70	278	51	85	114	7	11	0 8		.306
Beaumont, Pittsburg	153	615	97	185	230	12	12	3 23		.301
Titus, Philadelphia	140	504	60	148	195	25	5	4 7	15	.294
Thomas, Philadelphia	139	496	92	144	171	6	6	3 7		.290
Gessler, Brooklyn	89	341	41	99	131	18	4	2 6		.290
McGann, New York .	141	517	81	148	200	22	6	6 22		.286
Schulte, Chicago	20	84	16	24	40	4	3	2 0		.286
Delahanty, Boston	138	499	56	142	194	27	8	3 6		.285
Dolan, Cincinnati	126	465	88	132	178	8	10	6 16		.284
Odwell, Cincinnati	126	468	75	133	178	22	10	1 18		.284
Bresnahan, New York	107	402	81	114	166		8	5 3		.284
Browne, New York	119	596	99	169	207	16		4 22		.283
Smoot, St. Louis	137	520	58	146	190		6	3 14		.281
Devlin, New York Kelley, Cincinnati	130	474	81	133	168	16	.8	1 20		.281
Shannon, St. Louis	123	449	75	126	173	21	13	0 15		.281
Lumley, Brooklyn	133	500	84	140	159	10	3	1 29		.280
McCormick, H., N.Y	Dista 100	577	79	161	247	23	18	9 11		.279
Magee, Philadelphia	11118, 120	441	53	123	173		11	3 7		.279
Mertes, New York	99	364	51	101	149	15	12	3 7		.277
Lush, Philadelphia	148		83	147	209		11	4 25		.276
Lauterborn, Boston	90	369	39	102	136	22	3	2 (.276
Gleason, Philadelphia	450	69	7	19	21		0	0 1		.275
Cooley, Boston	100	587	61	161	196			0 33		.274
Tenney, Boston	3 477	man	41 76	127	174		9	1 2		.272
Dahlen, New York	145	F23			182					.270
Casey, Chicago	136	548	70 71		176					.268
Brain, St. Louis	195	499	57	147 130	178					.268
Wolverton, Philadelph	fa . 109	208	43							.266
Evers, Chicago	159	500	49		131			0 10		.266
Babb, Brooklyn	151	521	49		162			0 1		.265
		OWI	20	100	102	10	0	0 1	34	.265

INDIVIDUAL BATTING-(Continued).

G	. AB	. R	. н.	TB	. 2B	. 3I	B.HR.S	H. SI	B. PC.
McCarthy, Chicago11	5 432	2 36	114	1 135	2 14		2 0 1	7 14	.264
Ritchey, Pittsburg150	544					15			,263
Huggins, Cincinnati140	491					-	7 2 1		.263
Leever, Pittsburg 3	99	12	26	3 31		-	2 1 2		.263
McChesney, Chicago 22	88	9	23			1	2 0 () 2	.261
Needham, Boston 78	269	18	70				3 4 1	1 3	.260
Stagle, Chicago120 Dillon, Brooklyn134	481	73	125	160	12	10			.260
Dillon, Brooklyn134	511		132			6			.258
Roth, Philadelphia 68	229	28	59		8	1		8	.258
Ewing, Cincinnati 30	97	9	25			1			.258
Leach, Pittsburg146	579		149			12			.257
Abbaticchio, Boston154			148			10			.256
Shay, St. Louis 98	340	45	87			1			.256
Farrell, St. Louis130 Batch, Brooklyn28	509	72	130			3			.255
Batch, Brooklyn 28	94	9	24	35		2			.255
Gilbert, W., New York146	478	57	121	143		3			.253
Sebring, Pittsburg-Cinn136 Dobbs, Brooklyn 95	527	50	132	170		9			.250
Dobbs, Brooklyn 95	363	36	90	110	16	1	0 5		.248
Ritter, Brooklyn 63	214	23	53 35	59 40	3	1	0 3		.248
Smith, H., Pittsburg 47 Carlsch, Pittsburg 36		9	31	36	3	1	0 1	3	.248
Hulswitt, Philadelphia113	125 406	36	99	121	11	4	1 12		.244
Barry, PhilaChicago105	385	44	94	110	9	2	1 12	14	.244
Steinfeldt, Cincinnati 98	349	35	85	111	11	6	1 14	16	.244
Jones, D., Chicago 97	336	44	82	112	-11	5	3 4	14	,244
Geler, Boston148	580	70	141	165	17	2	1 7	18	.243
Kling, Chicago120	452	41	110	134	18	0	2 14	7	.243
Peitz, Cincinnati 82	272	32	66	86	13	2	1 4	1	.243
Dooin, Philadelphia104	355	41	86	123	11	4	6 3	15	.242
Phelps, Pittsburg 92	302	29	73	84	5	3	0 12	2	.242
Gilbert, J., Pittsburg 25	87	13	21	21	- 0	0	0 0	3	.241
Sheckard, Brooklyn143	507	70	121	159	23	6	1 18	21	.239
Schlei, Cincinnati 88	291	25	69	83	8	3	0 4	7	.237
Cannell, Boston 93	346	32	81	88	5	1	0 7	10	.234
Jacklitach Brooklyn 23	77	8	18	23	3	1	0 1	7	.234
Dunleavy, St. Louis 51 Bowerman, New York 90 O'Neill, M., St. Louis 28	172	23	40	56	7	3 4	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{7}$	8	.233
Bowerman, New York 90	289	38	67	92	11	2			.232
O'Neill, M., St. Louis 28	91	55	21 133	32 174	7	9	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 14 \end{array}$	19	.231
Corcoran, Cincinnati190	578 87	6	20	28	9	2	0 1	0	.230
Lynch, Pittsburg 27	406	37	92	108	10	3	0 17	17	.227
Burke, St. Louis118	398	26	90	119	11	3	4 3	10-	.226
Moran, Boston111	133	15	30	41	5	3	0 9	3	.226
Mathewson, New York 48	106	12	24	32	4	2	0 4	1	.226
Mitebell, PhilaBrooklyn 33 Hill, St. Louis 23	-93	13	21	34	2	1	3 2	3	.226
Wiltse, New York 25	67	10	15	22	2	1	1 2	1	.224
Bransfield, Pittsburg139	520	47	116	151	17	9	0 19	11	.223
Lundgren, Chicago 31	- 90	7	20	27	3	2	0 2	1	.222
Tinker, Chicago141	488	55	108	155	12	13	3 12	41	.221
Doyle, Brooklyn-Phila 72	258	22	57	77	11	3	1 3	5	.221
Donahue, St. Louis-Phila. 60	215	22	47	51	4	0	0 2	10	.219
Wicker, Chicago 50	155	17	34	35	1	0	0 3	4	.219
Byers, St. Louis 17	60	3	3	13	0	0	0 1	0	.217
O'Neill, J., Chicago 49	168	8	36	44	5	0	1 4	1	.214
Brown, Chicago 27	89	8	19	24	3	1	0 1	0	.213
Zearfoss, St. Louis 25	80	7	17	19	2	0	0 0	0	.213
Marshall, PhilBosN.Y 23	80	7	17	20	1	1	0 0	2	.213
Fisher, Boston 36	99	8	21	28	1	0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	.212
Flaherty, Pittsburg 31	104	9	22	39	3	4	2 4	0	.212
Flaherty, Pittsburg 31 Taylor, J., St. Louis 41	133	9	28	40	3	3	1 1 1 1 20	17	.211
Raymer, Boston	419	28	88	109	12	3 5	1 20		.205
Barelay, St. Louis-Boston127	468	46	96	110	10	0	1 10	7.1	.201

00							
INDIVIDUAL BATTING	-ci	ntinue	1				
Name and Club. G. AB. R. H		B. 2B.		HP	CH	SR	P.C.
	57	66 5	2	0	8	6	.204
Corridon Chicago-Phila 21 02 7	9	21 2	õ	0	1	0	.204
Poole, Brooklyn 24 62 3	8	9 1	0	0	3	0	.129
Poole, Brooklyn 24 62 3 Garvin, Brooklyn 23 63 0 Ames, New York 16 40 3	8	8 0	0	0	3	0	.127
Ames, New York 16 40 3 Phillippe, Pittsburg 21 65 4	5 8	6 1 8 0	0	0	0	0	.125 $.123$
Scanlan, Pitts,-Brooklyn 17 41 9	5	5 0	0	0	5	0	.122
Walker, Cincinnati 24 77 6	9	9 0	0	ŏ	2	0	.116
Fittenger, Boston 38 121 2 1	13	13 0	0	0	3	1	.108
McNichol, Boston 17 43 3	8	$\frac{9}{4}$ $\frac{1}{0}$	0	0	0	0	.105
Wilhelm, Boston 39 100 3	7	9 2	0	0	5	0	.070
McPherson, Philadelphia 15 47 0	3	3 0	0	0	1	ŏ	.064
Miller, Pittsburg 19 46 2	2	2 0	0	0	0	0	.043
INDIVIDUAL FIE	LDI	NG.					
FIRST BASEM	EN.						
Name and Club.	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	T.	C.	P.C.
Peitz, Cincinnati	18	169	11	0	1	80 1	1.000
MCGann. New York	141	1481	94	15		90	.990
Chance, Chicago Beckley, St. Louis	123	1205	106	13	13		.990
Refley, Chempati	117	1526 1049	64 76	20 14	11	10	.988
renney, Boston	144	1445	115	22	15		.986
Dillon, Brooklyn	1.24	1304	99	25	14	28	.982
Bransheld, Pittsburg	120	1454	89	30	15		.981
Doyle, Brooklyn-Philadelphia Dolan, Cincinnati	72	667 199	59 16	15		41 20	.980
Dairy, Unicago	1.9	181	8	5		94	.974
Lush, Philadelphia	62	526	28	29		83	.950
Ritchey, Pittsburg							
Ritchey, Pittsburg	156	330	482	36		48	.958
Jordan, Brooklyn	70	272 142	351 176	27		50 32	.958
Gilbert, New York	146	305	466	44		15	.946
Raymer, Boston Jordan, Brooklyn Gilbert, New York Huggins, Clucinnati Evers, Chicago Lauterborn, Boston	140	337	448	46		31	.945
Leuterhorn Design	152	381	518	54		53	.943
Lauterborn, Boston Gleason, Philadelphia	20	39	60	6		05	.943
Gleason, Philadelphia Farrell, St. Louis Delahanty, Roston	130	379 297	$\frac{463}{450}$	52		94	.942
Delahanty, Boston	18	38	41	6		85	.929
Woodruff, Cincinnati	17	32	49	8		89	.910
Delahanty, Boston Woodruff, Cincinnati Strang, Brooklyn	63	100	164	26	2	90	.910
THIRD BASEM	TABLE						
Woodruff, Cincinnati	-	75	116	14	0	05	.932
Wolverton, Philadelphia McCormick, Brooklyn Dunn, New York	102	143	191	27		61	.925
McCormick, Brooklyn	104	138	190	31		59	.914
		25	49	7		81	.914
Barry, Philadelphia-Chicago Casey, Chicago	17	22	31	5		58	.914
Leach, Pittshurg			241	39 60		37	.911
		126	285	42		43 53	.907
		148	217	42		07	.897
Moran, Boston Delahanty, Boston		47	83	16	1	46	.890
Steinfeldt, Cincinnati		158	223	48		29	.888
,	98	153	168	41	3	62	.887

.897 .890 .888 .887

INDIVIDUAL FIELDING-THIRD BAS	SEME	N-(Conti	nued)	
Name and Club. G.	P.O.	A.	E.	T.C.	P.C.
				122	.885
Brain, St. Louis 30	40	68		92	.880
Batch, Brooklyn	26	55		51	.843
Hall, Philadelphia 20	13	30	8		
Donahue, Philadelphia 24	24	33	11	68	.838
SHORTSTOPS.					
Corcoran, Cincinnati	353	471	56	880	.936
Dahlen, New York 145	316	494	61	871	,930
Wagner, Pittsburg 121	274	367	49	690	.929
Babb, Brooklyn	370	459	65	894	.927
Brain St Louis E0	109	182	23	314	.927
Brain, St. Louis	327	465	64	856	.925
Abbaticchio, Bosto 1	367	473	78	918	.915
	54	96	14	164	.915
	273	310	56	639	.912
Hulswitt, Philadelphia 113	153	319	46	518	.911
Shay, St. Louis		73	23	155	.852
Donahue, St. Louis-Philadelphia 30	59		18	90	.800
Hall, Philadelph.a	25	47	18	90	.000
OUTFIELDERS.					
Hill, St. Louis 23	41	2	0	43	1.000
Brain, St. Louis	35	0	0	35	1.000
Dunleavy, St. Louis 44	68	6	1	75	.987
Clarke, Pittsburg 70	135	4	3	142	.979
Shannon, St. Louis	246	18	6	270	.978
Cooley, Boston 116	201	3	5	209	.977
Thomas, Philadelphia	321	21	9	351	.974
Sebring, Pittsburg-Cincinnati 136	234	27	7	268	.974
Williams, Chicago	33	3	1	37	.973
Beaumont, Pittsburg 153	287	14	10	311	.968
Schulte, Chicago	34	3	2	39	.494
Schulte, Chicago	27	2	1	30	.967
McChesney, Chicago 22 Smoot, St. Louis 137	270	17	10	297	.966
McCarthy, Chicago	213	8	9	230	.961
McCarthy, Chicago	244	17	12	273	.956
Mertes, New York	291	16	14	321	.956
Sheckard, Brooklyn	284	18	14	316	.956
Odwell, Cincinnati	228	26	12	266	.955
Lumley, Brooklyn	131	17	7	155	.955
Barry, Philadelphia and Chicago 62	151	14	8	173	.954
Bresnahan, New York 71	89	12	5	106	.953
Bresnahan, New York 93 Carney, Boston 140	258	21	14	293	.952
	308	20	17	345	.951
Sormore Cincinnati			2	39	.949
	34	3	12	218	.945
	197	9		181	.939
Dolan Cincinnati	157	13	11 2	33	.939
Wieken Chienge	30	1		220	.936
	200	6	14	282	.933
Golor Poston	243	20	19		.932
	128	8	10	146	
	182	10	15		.928
	201	20	18		.925
	194		18		.921
Magao Dhilladolphia	156		15		.921
	170		16		.920
Luch Ditto delebte 33	54		5		.919
Gessler, Brooklyn 33 Lush, Philadelphia 33 Krueger, Pittsburg 93	52	- 5	6		.905
	135	5	16		.897
Donlin, Cincinnati and New York 90	131	. 9	18	158	.886
Donlin, Cincinnati and New 101k	30	0	5	35	.857
Gilbert, Pittsburg 25					

INDIVIDUAL FIELDING—(Continued). PITCHERS.

PITCHERS.						
Name and Club.	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	T.C.	P.O.
	34	16	54	0	70	1.000
Briggs, Chicago		20		1	108	.991
Taylor, L., New York Leever, Pittsburg	37		87	1	79	.987
Leever, Pittsburg	34	11	67		50	.980
Phillippe Pittsburg	21	8	41	1	82	.976
Kellum, Cincinnati	31	16	64	2 2	73	.973
Poole, Brooklyn	24	6	65			.969
Scanlan, Pittsburg and Brooklyn	17	11	20	1	32	
Ewing Cincinnati	26	10	50	2	62	.968
McNichol, Boston	17	1	28	1	30	.967
Flaherty, Pittsburg	29	24	87	4	115	.965
Mathewson, New York	48	32	116	6	154	.961
Weimer, Chicago	37	37	81	5	123	.959
Corridon, Chicago and Philadelphia	24	14	78	4	96	.958
McPherson, Philadelphia	15	7	38	2	47	
Willis, Boston	43	39	110	7	156	.955
Walker, Cincinnati	24	9	55	3	67	.955
Taylor, J., St. Louis	41	14	109	6	129	.953
McFarland, St. Louis	32.	13	106	6	125	.952
Mitchell, Philadelphia and Brooklyn	21	11	69	4	84	.952
Nichols, St. Louis	36	13	84	5	102	.951
Lundgren, Chicago	31	21	56	4	81	.951
Miller, Pittsburg	19	2	34	2	38	.947
Case, Pittsburg	18	13	39	3	55	.945
Wilhelm, Boston	39	10	90	7	107	.935
Harper, Cincinnati	35	12	58	5	75	.933
Brown, Chicago	26	20	50	5	75	.933
Wiltse, New York	25	11	54	5	70	.929
Cronin, Brooklyn	40	18	84	8	110	.927
Fisher, Boston	31	19	30	4	53	.925
McGinnity, New York	51	28	127	13	168	.923
Fraser, Philadelphia	42	28	87	10	125	.920
Sparks, Philadelphia	26	11	35	4	50	.920
Pittenger, Boston	38	22	114	12	148	.919
Hahn, Cincinnati	35	21	80	9	110	.918
Wicker, Chicago	30	18	33	5	56	.911
O'Neill, St. Louis	25	13	68	8	89	.910
Lynch, Pittsburg	27	11	49	6	66	.909
Duggleby, Philadelphia	32	9	69	8	86	.907
Jones, Brooklyn	46	16	78	10	104	.904
Garvin, Brooklyn	23	16	64	9	89	.899
Ames, New York	16	5	26	4	35	.886
Sutthoff, Cincinnati and Philadelphia	31	11	57	9	77	.883
CATCHERS	1					
Name and Club. G.	P.0	. A.	E.	P.B.	T.C.	P.C.
Warner, New York 86	423	7 115	10	5	557	.973
	89		2	2	125	.968
	256		6	5	329	.967
O'Neill, J., Chicago	84		3	1	103	.961
Bowerman, New York	413		12	9	530	.960
Bowerman, New York	249		12	4	353	.954
Peltz, Cincinnati	25		9	8	361	
Kling, Chicago	499		17		667	.953
Schlei, Cincinnati	384		12	14		
Smith, H., Pittsburg 44	153		8	3	533 225	.951
McLean, St. Louis 24	12					.951
Bergen, Brooklyn 93	41		24	8	154 597	.948
Moran, Boston 72	320		20		468	.946
Zearfoss, St. Louis	10		5	4		
20	10	00	0	3	149	.940

INDIVIDUAL FIELDING-CATCHERS-(Continued).

Name and Club.	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	P.B.	T.C.	P.C.	
Phelps, Pittsburg	. 91	360	97	17	13	487	.938	
Roth, Philadelphia	65	241	76	14	7	338	.938	
Grady, St. Louis	77	323	77	19	12	431	.928	
Marshall, Phila, New York, Boston		81			3	130	.923	
Dooin, Philadelphia				37		608	.921	
Needham, Boston	77	326	140	27	16	509	.916	

NATIONAL LEAGUE PITCHERS' RECORDS, 1904.

Games won and lost, with percentage of all pitchers who participated in ten or more games in the championship campaign:

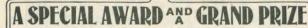
ten or more ga	mes 1	n the c	champio	nship c	ampaig	n:	
No.	Game	s Ex.		Shut-			P.C.
Pi	tched	In'g	Tie	out	Games	Games	of
Name and Club	in.	Games.	Games.	Games	. Won.	Lost.	Vic.
McGinnity, New York	51	7	2	9	35	- 8	.814
Wiltse, New York	24	0	ő	2	13	3	.813
Matthewson, New York	18	2	ĭ	4	33	12	.733
Harper, Cincinnati	25	3	2	6	23	9	.719
Flaherty, Pittsburg	20	1	ő	5	19	9	.679
Case, Pittsburg	19	î	0	2	10	5	.667
Lundgren, Chicago	21	3	1	3 2	17	9	.654
Lundgren, Chicago	90	2	0	4	17	9	.654
Wicker, Chicago	24	3	0		15	8	.652
Walker, Cincinnati	34	3	ő	2 3	19	11	.633
Briggs, Chicago	34	2	2	1	18	11	.621
Leever, Pittsburg	36	3	ī	3	21	13	.618
Nichols, St. Louis		2	1	1	15	10	.600
Kellum, Cincinnati	26	0	0	4	15	10	.600
Brown, Chicago		0	0	1	3	2	.600
Elliott, Cin. & New York	37	1	1	5	20	14	.588
Weimer, Chicago		0	0	5	21	15	.583
Taylor, L., New York	07	0	0	1	15	11	.577
Lynch, Pittsburg	27	2	2	0	11	10	
Corridon, Chi. & Phila	24	3	0	2	20	19	.524
Taylor, John, St. Louis	41	1	0	3	10	10	.500
Phillippe, Pittsburg	21	1	0	2	7	7	
Miller, Pittsburg	19	2	0	2	12	13	.500
	32	3	1	2	16	18	.480
Hahn, Cincinnati	35	2	0	0	11	13	
Ewing, Cincinnati	26	1		1	14	18	.458
McFarland, St. Louis	32		0	3	7		.438
Scanlan, Pitts. & B'klyn	17	1	~	2	18	9	.438
Willis, Boston	43	4	0			25	.419
Fittenger, Doston	38	2	1	5	15	21	.417
O'Neill, St. Louis	25	2	0	1	10	14	.417
Wilhelm, Boston	39	2	1	3	14	20	.412
Jones, Brooklyn	46	3	0	0	17	25	.405
Ames. New York	16	2	2	0	4	6	.400
Corbett, St. Louis	14	0	0	0	5	8 ,	.385
Fraser, Philadelphia	42	0	0	3	14	24	.368
Sutthoff, Cin. & Phila	31	1	0	0	11	19	.367
Poole, Brooklyn	24	1	0	1	8	14	.364
Cronin, Brooklyn	40	1	0	4	12	23	.343
Mitchell, Phil. & Brook	21	0	1	1	6	12	.333
Sparks, Philadelphia	26	0	0	3	7	16	.304
Fisher, Boston	31	2	0	2 2	6	16	.273
Garvin, Brooklyn	23	2	0		5	15	.250
Camnitz, Pittsburg	10	0	0	0	1	4	.200
McNichol, Boston	17	0	0	1	2	12	.143
McPherson, Philadelphia.	15	2	1	1	1	12	.077
mer nerson, a minderprise.							

Record of pitchers who participated in less than ten games

record of pitch					less tr	ian ten g	games:	
DI DE MILE	No.	Game	Ex.		Shut-			P.C.
AND THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF	Pi	tched	In'g	Tie	out	Games	Games	of
Name and Club		in. (dames.	Games.	Game	s. Won.		Vic.
Durham, Brooklyn		2	0	0	0	2	0	1000
Thatcher, Brooklyn		1	0	0	0	1	0	1000
McGinley, St. Louis		3	0	Ů.	0	2	1	.667
Robitaille, Pittsburg.		9	0	1	0	Ä	3	.571
Caldwell, Philadelphia	a	6	0	1	0	9	9	.500
Pfister, Pittsburg		3	0	0	0	1	1	.500
Reisling, Brooklyn	****	7	0	0	1	2	1	.429
Lee, Pittsburg		5	0	. 0	0	1	9	.333
Sanders, St. Louis		1	0	0	0	1	2	.333
Dunleavy, St. Louis	900.0	7	0	0	0	1	4	
Brackenridge, Phila	****	7	0	0	0	1	4	.200
Lush, Philadelphia		7	0	0	0	0	1	.000
Reidy, Brooklyn		6	0	0	0	0	0	.000
Milligan, New York	****	0	0	0	0	0	4	.000
Carney, Boston		5	0	0	0	0	1	.000
Groth, Chicago		4	0	0	0	0	4	.000
Bower The Divi		3	0	0	0	0	2	.000 ,
Barry, Thos., Phila	****	1	0	0	0	0	1	.000
Koukalik, Brooklyn		. 1	0	0	0	0	1	.000
Doescher, Brooklyn		2	0	0	0	0	0	.000
Stewart, Boston		2	0	0	0	0	0	.000
Bowerman, New York	C	1	0	0	0	0	0	.000
Delehanty, Boston		1	0	0	0	0	0	.000
Dunn, New York		1	0	0	0	0	0	.000
Moren, Pittsburg		1	0	0	0	0	0	.000
Veil, Pittsburg		1	0	0	0	0	0	.000
			-			-		

NATIONAL LEAGUE SCHEDULE—SEASON OF 1905

CLUB	At	At	New York	At Philadelphia	At	At	Chicago	At St. Louis
Boston	,	April 21, 22, 24, 25 July 3, 4, 4, 5 Oct. 5, 6, 7	April 14,15,17, A May 5, 6, 8, 2 June 24,26,27, J Sept. 7, 8	9, May 26, 27, 28 une 28, 29, 30 uly 1, Sep. 9	Aug. 7, 7, 8, 9, 10 Oct. 2, 3, 4	8, Aug. 11,12 13, 14 ept. 25, 26, 2	Aug. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Sept. 28, 30	22, July 29, 30, 31, Aug. 1, Sept. 22, 23, 24
Brooklyn	April 18, 19, 19, 20 Sept. 1, 2, 4, 4 Sept. 18, 19, 20		May 26, 27, 29, 30, 30, 30, July 6, J 7, 8, Sept. 9, 2	May 5, 6, 8, une 24,24,26 7, Sept. 5, 6	Fune 19, 20, 22, July 29 Aug. 1, 1 Sept. 28, 29	une 7, 8, 9, 10 Aug. 2, 3, 5, 6 Sept. 22, 23, 24	une 15, 16, 1 3, Aug. 1, 12, 13, 14 ept. 25, 26, 2	June 11, 12, 13, 14, Aug. 7, 8, 9, 10 Oct. 1, 2, 3
New York	May 1, 2, 3, 4 June 1, 2, 3, 3, 5 Sept. 16, 16	Apr.26, 27, 28, 29, May 31, June 28, 29, 30, J'y1, 10, Sep.13		April 21, 22, J 24, 25, July 3, A 4, 4, 5, Sept. 18, 19, 20	une 7, 8, 9 kug. 2, 3, Sept. 25, 26, 2	2, July 29, 0, 31, Aug. 1, Oct. 1, 2, 3	une II, II 13, 14 .ug. 7, 8, 9, 1 ept. 22, 23, 2	June II, 12, June 15, 16, 13, 14 Aug. 7, 8, 9, 10 Sept. 22, 23, 24 Sept. 28, 29, 30
Philadelphia.	May 29, 30, 31 N July 6, 7, 8, 10 Sept. 13, 14, 15	Apr. 14,15,17, May 1, 2, 3, 4, June 1, 2, 3, Sept. 16	Apr. 14,15,17, Apr. 18,19,20, May 1, 2, 3, 4, Aug. 31, Sept. June 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 4, 4, Oct. Sept. 16		June 6, 15, 16, June 17, Aug. 11, 12, Aug. 14, 15 Sept. 21, 22, 23 Sept. 21, 22, 23	June 11, 12, June 19, 20, 21, 13, 14 Aug. 7, 8, 9, 10 30, 31, Aug. 1 Sept. 28, 29, 30 Oct. 1, 2, 3	June 19, 20, 21, 22, July 29, 30, 31, Aug. 1 Oct. 1, 2, 3	21, June 7, 8, 9, 10 29, Aug. 2, 3, 5, 6 3 25, 26, 27
Pittsburg	May 23, 24, 25 July 24, 25, 26, 27. Aug. 24, 24, 25, 26	fay 13, 15, 16 7. July 11,12 13, 14. Aug. 17, 18, 19	(ay 18, 19, 20 2, July 15, 17 18, 19, Aug. 21, 22, 23	May 9, 10, 11, 12, July 20, 20, 21, 22, Aug. 28, 29, 30		Apr. 14, 15, 16, Apr. 23, 24, 17, May 7, 28, June 4, 5 Jly.2, Sept.14, July 5, 6, 7, 16, 17, Oct. 8 9, Sept. 3	Apr. 23, 24, 25 June 4, 5 July 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, Sept. 3	1, 25 Apr. 30, May 5 1, 2, 3, June 7, 8, 25, 26, 27, 28 3 Sept. 10, 11, 12
Cincinnati	May 13, 15, 16, 17, July 11, 12, 113, 14, Aug. 17, 18, 19	May 9, 10, 11, 12, July 20,20, 21, 22, Aug. 28, 29, 30	May 23, 24, 25 July 24, 25, 26 27, Aug. 24, 24, 25, 26	2, July 15,17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23	May 5, 6, 8, 27 June 24 July 3, 4, 4 Sept. 7, 8, 9		Apr. 19, 20, 21, A 22, June 25, 26 2 July 1 Sept. 1, 2, 19, 20	Apr. 26, 27, 28, 29, June 3, 4 Sept. 3, 4, 4 Oct. 4, 5
Chicago	May 10, 10, 11, 12, July 20, 20, 21, 22, Aug. 28, 29, 30.	, May 18, 19, 20, 1, 22, July 15, 17, 18, 19, Aug. 21, 22, 23	, May 13, 15, 16, 17, 17, July 11, 12, 13, 14, Aug. 17, 18, 19	May 23, 24, 25, A July 24,25,26, 29 27, Aug. 24, 24, 25, 26	Apr. 26, 27, 28, 29, June 1, 2, 3 Sept. 4, 4 Oct. 6, 7	Apr. 26, 27, 28, Apr. 30, May 29, June 1, 2, 31, 2, 3, 29, 30, Sept. 4, 4 30, 31, Sept. Oct. 6, 7 10, 11, 12		Apr. 14, 15, 16, 17, June 23, 24 July 2, Sept. 8, 9, 14, 16
St. Louis	May 18, 19, 20, N 22, July 15, 17, J 18, 19, Aug. 21, 22, 23	, May 23, 24, 25 N , July 24, 25, 26, 1 , 27, Aug. 24, 25, 26	72, July 20,20, 21, 22, Aug. 28, 29, 30	May 13, 7, July 13, 14, 17, 18	Apr. 19, 20, 21, Apr. 23, 24, 2 22, May 29, 30, June 1, 2 30, J'e 30, J'y1 July 6, 7, 8, Aug. 31, Sep.2		May 4, 5, 6, 7, 27, 28, July 4, 4 Sept. 17, 18 Oct. 8	



were won by A. G. SPALDING & BROS. at the Louisiana
Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete
and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus,
Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.



THE SPALDING OFFICIAL LEAGUE BALL

Used exclusively by the National League, Minor Leagues, and by all Intercollegiate and other Associations for over a quarter of a century. Each ball wrapped in tinfoil and put in a separate box, and sealed in accordance with the regulations of the National League and American Association. Warranted to last a full game when used under ordinary conditions.

Each, \$1.25

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

New York Chicago St. Louis Denver San Francisco
Boston Minneapolis Baltimore Kansas City New Orleans
Buffalo Philadelphia Washington Pittsburg Syracuse Cincinnati
Montreal, Can. London, England

SPECIAL AWA

Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus,
Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.

SPALDING GOLD MEDAL BATS



SPALDING & BROS.

No. GMB. Spalding Boys' Gold Medal Plain Bat, golden finish, boys' size.

1.00

.50

No. GMT. Spalding Gold Medal Taped Bat, white wax finish.

No. GM.

San Francisco New York Chicago St. Louis Denver Boston Minneapolis Baltimore Kansas City New Orleans Buffalo Philadelphia Washington Pittsburg Syracuse Cincinnati London, England Montreal, Can.

were won by A. G. SPALDING & BROS. at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus, Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.

THE-

Spalding Mushroom Bat

PATENTED

N this bat a principle has been utilized which makes a bat of the same weight many times more effective than the ordinary style under certain conditions, and as an allround bat we have received many letters from prominent professional players testifying to their appreciation of the good points of its construction. They say: "Both balance and model are perfect." Only the very best quality of air dried timber has been used and every one is carefully tested by an expert before leaving our factory. The knob arrangement at the end of the bat enables us to get a more even distribution of weight over the whole length than is possible under the old construction, and for certain kinds of play the bat is practically invaluable.

We recommend it heartily to our customers, feeling certain that they will find in the combination of good qualities which it possesses something that they have sought for in vain elsewhere-a perfect bat.

No. M. The Spaiding Mushroom Plain Bat, Special Finish. Each, \$1.00 No. MT. The Spaiding Mushroom Taped Bat, Taped Handle.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22, 1903. NEW YORK, Sept. 22, 1900.

For a long time I have been trying to find a bat that would balance when choken choken cong. Not until 1 used the Mushroom Bat, invented by Jack Pickett, have I found a bat that was up to my idea. This bat is used exclusively by the New York players. Yours truly,

JOHN J. McGRAW, Manager New York B. B. Club.

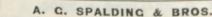
In all my experience as a base ball player. I have not found a more satisfactory base ball bat than the Spalding Mushroom Bat. The timber is the best I have seen; the balance and model of the bat is perfect.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14, 1903. I have played professional hase hall for the last filtern years and have tried all kinds of bats, but no bat has given me such good service as the Spalding Mash-room bat, introduced by Jack Pickett. Quality and balance are perfect. You's truly, W.H., LLEASON, Captain Philadelphia Stational League B. B. Gids

CHICAGO, Oct. 14, 1903. In all our experience as base bail player have no found a more taisfactory base that than the Spalding Mushroom Bate. The Spalding Mushroom Bate bail base than the Spalding Mushroom Bate. The Spalding Mushroom Bate and model of the hat is perfect. Spalding the spalding for the spalling of the spalling than the Spalding Mushroom Bate. The Spalding Mushroom Bate of the Spalding Mushroom Spalding Spalding Spalding Mushroom Spalding Sp

JAMES F. SLAGLE J. KLING Dr. J. P. CASEY

F. L. CHANCE JOE TINKER



New York Chicago San Francisco St. Louis Denver Boston Minneapolis Baltimore New Orleans Kansas City Buffalo Philadelphia Washington Pittsburg Syracuse Cincinnati Montreal, Can. London, England

AND GRAND

were won by A. G. SPALDING & BROS. at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete, and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus, Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.

SPALDING TRADE-MARKED BATS

Since 1877, when we introduced the Spalding line of trade-marked bats, they have been recognized as standard by players to whom quality is a consideration. Wherever possible, we have improved both style and quality from time to time, and the assortment as now made up comprises absolutely the most up-to-date and thoroughly trustworthy styles that can be produced. The timber used in their construction is seasoned from two to three years before using, thus ensuring not only a

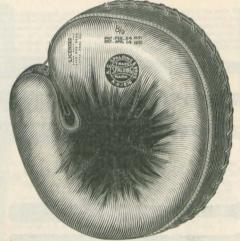


No. 10. Boys' Hard Wood Bat; good quality.

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

were won by A. G. SPALDING & BROS. at the Louisiana
Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete
and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus,
Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.

----Spalding----"Professional" Catchers Mitt



The facing of this mitt is white buck specially selected and absolutely the best quality procurable. Made without heel pad; padding in accordance with the ideas of the best professional catchers in this country. Sides and back are of the finest quality calfskin, padded with the best hair felt, rawhide lacing at the back, strap-and-buckle fastening, reinforced and laced at the thumb. This mitt is slightly smaller than our Perfection No. 7-0, and in weight is somewhat lighter.

No. 8-0. Each, \$7.00=

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

were won by A. G. SPALDING & BROS. at the Louisiana
Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete
and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus,
Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.



This mask is used by practically all catchers on league, college and semi-professional teams. The patent sun shade protects the eyes without obstructing the view. Mask is made throughout of finest steel wire, extra heavy black enameled. Fitted with molded leather chin strap, hair filled pads and speial elastic head band.

No. 4-0. Each, \$4.00

Send for Spalding's Complete Catalogue of all Athletic Sports

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

New York Chicago St. Louis Boston Minneapolis Baltimore Kansas City New Orleans Buffalo Philadelphia Washington Pittsburg Syracuse Cincinnati Montreal, Can.

were won by A. G. SPALDING & BROS. at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus, Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.



The Spalding Uniform No. 0

HIGHEST GRADE MADE
Workmanship and material in this uniform is of
the very highest quality
throughout. Used exclusively by all league and
professional clubs for
years past is sufficient
evidence of its quality and
durability.

The Spalding Uniform No. 0. Complete, \$15.60

Net price to clubs ordering for Entire Team. Suit, \$12.50

Colors: White, Pearl Gray, Yale Gray, Light Gray, Black, Green, Maroon, Royal Blue, Navy Blue, Brown, Cardinal.

CONSISTING OF: Spalding Shirt, any style; Spalding Pants, any style; Spalding Stockings, No. 3-0; Spalding Cap, any style; Spalding Web Belt, leather lined.

The University Uniform No. 1

In workmanship and quality of material our University Uniform No. 1 is equal to our No. 0 Uniform, but slightly lighter.

University Uniform No. 1. Complete, \$12.50

Net price to clubs ordering for Entire Team. Suit, \$10.00

COLORS: White, Pearl Gray, Yale Gray, Light Gray, Black, Green, Maroon, Royal Blue, Navy Blue, Brown, Cardinal.

CONSISTING OF: University Shirt, any style; University Pants, any style; University Stockings, No. IR; University Cap, any style; University Web Belt, or all leather.

No extra charge for lettering shirts with name of club nor for detachable sleeves.

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

were won by A. G. SPALDING & BROS. at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus, Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.



Club Special Uniform No. 3

Made of good quality flannel, in a variety of very desirable patterns. Well finished and a most excellent outfit for amateur clubs. A most desirable young men's suit. Elegantly made, and of good, strong, handsome material. On exactly same patterns as the league suits.

Club Special Uniform No. 3 Complete \$7.00

Net price to clubs ordering for Entire Team. Suit, \$5.50

COLORS: White, Pearl Gray, Yale Gray, Light Gray, Black, Maroon, Royal Blue, Navy Blue, Brown, Cardinal.

CONSISTING OF: Club Special Shirt, any style; Club Special Pants, any style; Club Special Stockings, No. 3R; Club Special Cap, any style; Club Special Web Belt.



Amateur Special Uniform No. 4

Made of good quality flannel, and compares favorably with uniforms of other makers quoted at a much higher price. An excellent wearing uniform, cut and finished as well as our higher-priced suits. Very popular with the younger base ball players.

Amateur Special Uniform No.4 Complete \$5.00

Net price to clubs ordering for Entire Team. Suit, \$4.00

Colors: White, Light Gray, Blue Gray, Maroon, Navy Blue, Green.

Consisting of: Amateur Special Shirt, any style; Amateur Special Pants, padded; Amateur Special Stockings, No. 4R; Amateur Special Cap, styles 21 and 5 only; Amateur Special Web Belt.

No extra charge for lettering shirts with name of club nor for detachable sleeves.

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

were won by A. G. SPALDING & BROS. at the Louisiana
Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete
and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus,
Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.



The Spalding Junior Uniform No. 5

This uniform is made expressly for clubs composed of boys and youths, and will stand the hardest kind of wear. Made and trimmed in first-class style.

Spalding Junior Uniform No. 5. Complete, \$4.00

Net price to clubs ordering Nine or more Uniforms, Per suit, \$3.00

Maroon, Blue Gray, Green, Brown Mix. No extra charge for lettering shirts with name of club nor

for detachable sleeves.
CONSISTING OF: Spalding Junior Shirt, any style; Spalding Junior Pants, padded; Spalding Junior Cap, styles 21 and 5 only; Spalding Junior Belt; Spalding Junior Stockings.



The Spalding Youths' Uniform No. 6

The Spalding Youths' Uniform No. 6. Complete, \$2.00

Net price to clubs ordering nine or more uniforms, Per suit, \$1.50

Very well made of good quality Gray material.

CONSISTING OF

The Spalding Youths'
Shirt, button front, with
one felt letter only; The
Spalding Youths' Pants,
padded; The Spalding
Youths' Stockings; The
Spalding Youths' Cap,
style 21; The Spalding
Youths' Belt.

The price at which we are selling this uniform should make it extremely popular.

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

were won by A. G. SPALDING & BROS. at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus, Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.

The Interscholastic Uniform No. 2

Made of same grade of material as our higher priced uniforms, but of lighter weight. This is one of our most popular suits and will give the best of satisfaction. Can usually be worn two seasons.

Interscholastic Uniform No. 2. Complete, \$9.65

Net price to clubs ordering for Entire Team. Suit, \$8.00

White, Pearl Gray, Yale Gray, Light Gray, Black, Green, Maroon, Royal Blue, Prown, Cardinal.

CONSISTING OF: Interscholastic Shirt, any style; Interscholastic Pants, any style; Interscholastic Stockings, No. 2R; Interscholastic Cap, any style; Interscholastic Web Belt.

No extra charge for lettering shirts with name of club nor for detachable sleeves.



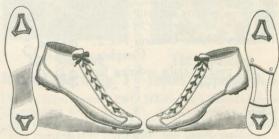
We have on hand a special flannel, Royal Purple, dyed particularly for teams connected with the Order of Elks. While we do not recommend that this be made up solid color in suits, still it makes a beautiful combination as trimming on white flannel, and we are making these uniforms now in that way in our Nos. 0, 1

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

and 2 qualities only.

were won by A. G. SPALDING & BROS. at the Louisiana
Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete
and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus,
Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.

The Spalding Highest Quality Base Ball Shoe



No. 2-0

No. 30-S

Our "Highest Quality" Base Ball Shoe is hand-made throughout and of specially selected kangaroo leather. Extreme care is taken in its general construction, and no pains or expense spared in making this shoe not only of the very highest quality, but a perfect shoe in every detail. The plates, made exclusively for this shoe, are of the finest hand-forged razor steel and firmly riveted to heel and sole.

No. 2-0. "Highest Quality." Per pair, \$6.00

The Spalding Sprinting Shoe

Same quality as our No. 2-0 shoe, but built on our famous running shoe last. Weigh about eighteen ounces to the pair and made with extra care throughout.

No. 30-S. Sprinting Shoe, Per pair, \$6.50

Send for Spalding's Complete Catalogue of all Athletic Sports.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

New York Chicago St. Louis Boston Minneapolis Baltimore Kansas City New Orleans Buffalo Philadelphia Washington Pittsburg Syracuse Cincinnati London, England

Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus, Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.

Spalding Club Special Shoe



Made of carefully selected satin calfskin, machine sewed, very substantially constructed, and a first-class shoe in every particular. Steel plates riveted to heel and sole.

No. o. Per pair, \$5.00

Spalding Amateur Special Shoe

Made of good quality calfskin, machine sewed; a serviceable and durable shoe, and one we can specially recommend. Plates riveted to heel and sole.

No. 35. Per pair, \$3.50

Spalding Junior Shoe



A leather shoe, complete with plates. Made on regular base ball shoe last and an excellent shoe for junior teams.

No. 37. Per pair, \$2.00

Send for Spalding's Complete Catalogue of all Athletic Sports

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

San Francisco New York Chicago St. Louis Denver Kansas City New Orleans Minneapolis Baltimore Boston Buffalo Philadelphia Washington Pittsburg Syracuse Cincinnati
Montreal Can. London, England Montreal, Can.

were won by A. G. SPALDING & BROS. at the Louisiana
Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete
and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus,
Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.

SPALDING STOCKINGS



Our "Highest Quality" Stockings are superior so anything ever offered for athletic wear, and combine oll the essentials of a perfect stocking. They are all wool, have white feet, are heavy ribbed, full fashioned, hug the leg closely but comfortably, and are very durable. The weaving is of an exclusive and unusually handsome design.

heinig

henniff

MATERIAL PROPERTY.

MILLIA

1 R-S

No. 3-0. Plain colors, white feet. . . Per pair, \$1.50

Colors: Black, Navy Maroon. Other colors to order only. Prices on application.

No. 3-0S. Striped, white feet; made to order only, any color. \$1.75

Striped Ribbed Stockings

Best quality, all wool; stripes 2-inch, alternate. Colors: Scarlet and Black, Navy and Red, Orange and Black, Maroon and White, Royal Blue and White; Royal Blue and Black, Navy and White. Other colors to order only; prices on application.

	Heavy weight.	Smi	blan	Per pair, \$1.25
	Medium weight.			1.00
No. 3RS.	Good weight			.75

Plain Colors

	Heavy weight, all wool	Per pair, \$1.00
	Medium weight, all wool.	.80
No. 3R.	Good weight, wool legs and cotton feet.	.60

Colors: Black, Navy, Maroon, Royal Blue and Scarlet.

Send for Spalding's Complete Catalogue of all Athletic Sports.

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

were won by A. G. SPALDING & BROS, at the Louisiana
Purchase Exposition, 1904, for the best, most complete
and most attractive installation of Gymnastic Apparatus,
Base Ball and Athletic Supplies shown at the World's Fair.



Spalding Vest Sweater

Very popular with base ball players.

Made of best quality worsted, medium weight.
Gilt buttons down front.
Made up in Gray only.

No. VG. Each, \$5.50

Spalding Jersey Shirts

To be worn with base ball suits.

Made with solid gray bodies and striped sleeves; any color desired.

No. 16X. Each, \$2.50



The Pittsburg Club has adopted this style of collarless jersey, to be worn under the flannel shirt, the sleeves of which extend only to the elbow, displaying the striped jersey sleeves underneath and matching the striped stockings.

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

SPALDING'S ATHLETIC LIBRARY

Spalding's Athletic Library is devoted to all athletic sports and pastimes, indoor and outdoor, and is the recognized American cyclopedia of sport. Each book is complete in itself; and those sports which are governed by National Associations always designate Spalding's Athletic Library as the official publication. This gives to each book the official authority to contain the rules. Each year the books are brought up to date, with the latest rules, new ideas, new pictures and valuable information, thus making the series the most valuable of its kind in the world. The price, 10 cents per copy, places them in the reach of all, and no one's library can be complete unless all numbers are found therein.

No. 12-Association Foot Ball

Contains valuable information, diagrams of play, and rules for both the Gaelic and Association styles of play. Price 10 cents.



No. 13- How to Play Hand Ball

By the world's champion, Michael Egan, of Jersey City. This book has been rewritten and brought up to date in every particular. Every play is thoroughly explained by text and diagram. The numerous illustrations consist of full pages made from photographs of Champion Egan, showing him in all his characteristic attitudes. Price 10 cents.

No. 14-Curling

History of the sport; diagram of curling rink; rules for curling; diagrams of play. Price 10 cents.

No. 23-Canoeing

By C. Bowyer Vaux. Paddling, sailing, cruising and racing canoes and their uses; canoeing and camping. Price 10 cents.



No. 27-College Athletics

M. C. Murphy, the well-known athletic trainer, now with Yale University, the author of this book, has written it especially for the schoolboy and college man, but it is invaluable for the athlete who wishes to excel in any branch of athletic sport. The subjects comprise the following articles: Training, starting, sprint-

sport. The subjects comprise the following articles: Training, starting, sprintmile and longer distances; walking; high and broad jumping; hurdling;
pole vaulting; throwing the hammer. Illustrated. Price 10 cents.



No. 29-Exercising With Pulley Weights

By Dr. Henry S. Anderson, instructor in heavy gymnastics Yale gymnasium, Anderson Normal School, Chautauqua University. In conjunction with a chest machine anyone with this book can become perfectly developed. Contains all the various movements necessary to be-

come proficient and of well-developed physique. Price 10 cents.



No. 40-Archery

By J. S. Mitchel. An introductory chapter on the use of the bow and arrow; archery of the present day; the bow and how to use it, with practical illustrations on the right and wrong method of aiming. Price 10 cents.

No. 55-Official Sporting Rules

Contains rules not found in other publications for the government of many sports; rules for wrestling, cross-country running, shuffleboard, skating, snowshoeing, quoits, potato racing, professional racing, racquets, pigeon flying, dog racing, pistol and revolver shooting. Price 10 cents,



No. 87-Athletic Primer

Edited by James E. Sullivan, Secretary-Treasurer of the Amateur Athletic Union; tells how to organize an athletic club, how to conduct an athletic meeting, and gives rules for the government of athletic meetings; contents also include directions for building a track and laying out athletic grounds, and a very instructive article on training; fully illustrated with pictures of leading athletes in action. Price 10 cents.

No. 102-Ground Tumbling

By Prof. Henry Walter Worth, who was for years physical director of the Armour Institute of Technology. Any boy, by reading this book and following the instructions, which are drawn from life, can become a proficient tumbler; all the various tricks explained. Price 10 cents.

No. 104-The Grading of Cymnastic Exercises

By G. M. Martin, Physical Director of the Y. M. C. A. of Youngstown, Ohio. It is a book that should be in the hands of every physical director of the Y. M. C. A., school, club, college, etc. The contents comprise: The place of the class in physical training; grading of exercises and season schedules—grading of men, grading of exercises, season schedules for various classes, elementary and advanced classes, leaders, optional exercises, examinations, college and school work; calisthenic exercises, graded apparatus exercises and general massed class exercises. Nearly 200 pages. Price 10 cents.



No. 124-How to Become a Cymnast

By Robert Stoll, of the New York A. C., the American champion on the flying rings from 1885 to 1892. Any boy who frequents a gymnasium can easily follow the illustrations and instructions in this book and with a little practice become proficient on the horizontal and parallel bars, the trapeze or the "horse." Price 10 cents.



No. 128-How to Row

By E. J. Giannini, of the New York A. C., one of America's most famous amateur oarsmen and champions. This book will instruct any one who is a lover of rowing how to become an expert. It is fully illustrated, showing how to hold the oars, the finish of the stroke and other information that will prove valuable to the beginner. Contains also the official

laws of boat racing of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen. Price 10 cents.



No. 129-Water Polo

By Gus Sundstrom, instructor at the New York A. C. It treats of every detail, the individual work of the players, the practice of the team, how to throw the ball, with illustrations and many valuable hints. Price 10 cents.



No. 135 - Official Handbook of the A. A. U. of the United States

The A. A. U. is the governing body of athletes in the United States of America, and all games must be held under its rules, which are exclusively published in this handbook, and a copy should be in the hands of every athlete and every club

officer in America. This book contains the official rules for running, jumping, weight throwing, hurdling, pole vaulting, swimming, boxing, wrestling, etc., and is an encyclopedia in itself. Price 10 cents.

No. 136-Official Y. M. C. A. Handbook

Edited by G. T. Hepbron, the well-known athletic authority. It contains the official rules governing all sports under the jurisdiction of the Y. M. C. A., a complete report of the physical directors' conference, official Y. M. C. A. scoring tables, pentathlon rules, many pictures of the leading Y. M. C. A. athletes of the country, official Y. M. C. A. athletic rules, constitution and by-laws of the Athletic League of Y. M. C. A., all around indoor test, volley ball rules; illustrated. Price 10 cents.

No. 138-Official Croquet Guide

Contains directions for playing, diagrams of important strokes, description of grounds, instructions for the beginner, terms used in the game, and the official playing rules. Price 10 cents.

No. 140-Wrestling

Catch as catch can style. By E. H. Hitchcock, M. D., of Cornell, and R. F. Nelligan, of Amherst College. The book contains nearly seventy illustrations of the different holds, photographed especially and so described that anybody who desires to become expert in wrestling can with little effort learn every one. Price 10 cents.

No. 142-Physical Training Simplified

By Prof. E. B. Warman, the well-known physical culture expert. Is a complete, thorough and practical book where the whole man is considered—brain and body. By following the instructions no apparatus is required. The book is adapted for both sexes. The exercises comprise directions as follows: how to stand; how to sit; how to rest; breathing; exercises for the fingers, wrists, elbows, shoulders, neck, hips, knees, ankles; a word about the muscles; the arms and thighs; shoulders and chest; waist; sides; back and abdomen; bowing; bending; twisting; the liver squeezer, etc., etc., Fully illustrated. Price 10 cents.



No. 143 - Indian Clubs and Dumb-Bells

Two of the most popular forms of home or gymnasium exercise. This book is written by America's amateur champion club swinger, J. H. Dougherty. It is clearly illustrated, by which any novice can become an expert. Price 10 cents.

No. 149-The Care of the Body

A book that all who value health should read and follow its instructions. By Prof. E. B. Warman, the well known lecturer and authority on physical culture. The subject is thoroughly treated, as a glance at the following small portion of the contents shows: An all-around athlete; muscular Christianity; eating; diet—various opinions; bill of fare for brain workers; bill of fare for muscle-makers; what to eat and drink; a simple diet; an opinion on brain food; why is food required? drinking water; nutrition—how food nourishes the body; a day's food, how used; constituents of a day's ration—beefsteak, potatoes bread, butter, water; germs of disease; etc. Price 10 cents.



No. 154-Field Hockey

To those in need of vigorous and healthful out-of-doors exercise, this game is recommended highly. Its healthful attributes are manifold and the interest of player and spectator alike is kept active throughout the progress of the game. The game is prominent in the sports at Vassar, Smith, Wellesley, Bryn Mawr and other leading colleges. Price 10 cents.



No. 156-The Athlete's Guide

How to become an athlete. It contains full instructions for the beginner, telling how to sprint, hurdle, jump and throw weights, general hints on training; in fact, this book is one of the most complete on the subject that has ever appeared. Special chapters contain valuable advice to beginners and important A. A. U. rules and their explanations, while the pictures

comprise many scenes showing champions in action. Price 10 cents.



No. 157-How to Play Lawn Tennis

A complete description of lawn tennis; a lesson for beginners and directions telling how to make the most important strokes; styles and skill of the experts; the American twist service; how to build and keep a court. Illustrated from photographs of leading players in action. Price 10 cents.

No. 158-Indoor and Outdoor Cymnastic Cames

Without question one of the best books of its kind ever published. Compiled by Prof. A. M. Chesley, the well-known Y. M. C. A. physical director. It is a book that will prove valuable to indoor and outdoor gymnasiums, schools, outings and gatherings where there are a number to be amused. The games described comprise a list of 120, divided into several groups. Price 10 cents.



No. 161-Ten Minutes' Exercise for Busy Men

By Dr. Luther Halsey Gulick, superintendent of physical training in the New York public schools. Anyone who is looking for a concise and complete course of physical education at home would do well to procure a copy of this book. Ten minutes' work as directed is exercise anyone can follow. It already has hade large

one can follow. It already has had a large sale and has been highly commended by all who have followed its instructions. Nearly 100 pages of illustrations and 100 of text. Price 10 cents.



No. 162-How to Become a Boxer

For many years books have been issued on the art of boxing, but it has remained for us to arrange a book that we think is sure to fill all demands. It contains over 70 pages of illustrations showing all the latest blows, posed especially for this book under the supervision of one of the best instructors of boxing in the United States,

who knows how to impart his knowledge. They are so arranged that anyone can easily become a proficient boxer. The book also contains pictures of all the well known boxers. A partial list of the 200 pages of the book include: A history of boxing; how to box; the correct position; the hands; clenching the fist; the art of gauging distance; the first principles of hitting; the elements of defence; feinting; knockout blows; the chin punch; the blow under the ear; the famous solar plexus knockout; the heart blow; famous blows and their originators: Fitzsimmons' contribution; the McCoy corkscrew; the kidney punch; the liver punch; face; hook to the jaw; how to deliver the solar plexus; correct delivery to chin; blocking a left swing and sending a right uppercut to chin; the side step; hints on training, diet and breathing; how to train; rules for boxing. Price 10 cents.



No. 165-The Art of Fencing

This is a new book by Regis and Louis Senac, of New York, famous instructors and leading authorities on the subject. Messrs. Senac give in detail how every move should be made, and tell it so clearly that anyone can follow the instructions. It is illustrated with sixty full page pictures, posed especially for this book. Price 10 cents.



No. 166-How to Swing Indian Clubs

By Prof. E. B. Warman, the well-known exponent of physical culture. The most complete work on this special subject ever issued. By following the directions carefully anyone can become an expert. Price 10 cents.



No. 167-Quoits

By M. W. Deshong. The need of a book on this interesting game has been felt by many who wished to know the fine points and tricks used by the experts. Mr. Deshong explains them, with illustrations, so that a novice can readily understand. Price 10 cents,

No. 170-Push Ball

Played with an air-inflated ball 6 feet in diameter, weighing about 50 pounds. A side consists of eleven men. This book contains the official rules and a sketch of the game; illustrated. Price 10 cents.



No. 171-Basket Ball for Women

Edited by Miss Senda Berenson, of Smith College. Contains the rules for basket ball for women as adopted by the conference on physical training, held in June, 1899, at Springfield, Mass., and articles on the following subjects: Psychological effects of basket ball for women, by Dr. Luther H. Culiek, superintendent of physical

training in the schools of Greater New York; physiological effects of basket ball, by Theodore Hough, Ph. D.; significance of basket ball for women, by Senda Berenson; relative merit of the Y. M. C. A. rules and women's rules, by Augusta Lane Patrick; practical side of basket ball, by Ellen Emerson, B. K., Agnes Childs, A. B., Fanny Garrison, A. B.; Plea for Basket Ball, by Julie Ellabee Sullivan, Teachers' College, New York; diagram of field, showing position of team; illustrated with many pictures of basket ball teams. Price 10 cents.



No. 174-Distance and Cross Country Running

By George Orton, the famous University of Pennsylvania runner. Tells how to become proficient at the quarter, half, mile, the longer distances, and cross-country running and steeplechasing, with instructions for training and schedules to be observed when preparing for a contest. Illustrated with numerous pictures of

leading athletes in action, with comments by the editor on the good and bad points shown. Price 10 cents.



No. 177-How to Swim

By J. H. Sterrett, the leading authority on swimming in America. The instructions will interest the expert as well as the novice; the illustrations were made from photographs especially posed, showing the swimmer in clear water; a valuable feature is the series of "land drill" exercises for the beginner, which is illustrated by many drawings. The contents comprises A plea

the beginner, which is illustrated by many drawings. The contents comprise: A plea for education in swimming; swimming as an exercise and for development; land drill exercises; plain swimming; best methods of learning; the breast stroke; breathing; under-arm side stroke; scientific strokes—over-arm side stroke: double over-arm or "trudgeon" stroke; touching and turning; training for racing; ornamental swimming; floating; diving; running header; back dive; diving feet foremost; the propeller; marching on the water; swimming on the back; amateur swimming rules; amateur plunging rules. Price 10 cents.



No. 178-How to Train for Bicycling

Gives methods of the best riders when training for long or short distance races; hints on training. Revised and up-to-date in every particular. Price 10 cents.

No. 180-Ring Hockey

A new game for the gymnasium, invented by Dr. J. M. Vorhees of Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, that has sprung into instant popularity; as exciting as basket ball. This book contains official rules. Price 10 cents.

No. 182-All-Around Athletics

Gives in full the method of scoring the All-Around Championship, giving percentage tables showing what each man receives for each performance in each of the ten events. It contains as well instructive articles on how to train for the All-Around Championship. Illustrated with many pictures of champions in action and scenes at all-around meets. Price 10 cents.

No. 185-Health Hints

A series of articles by Prof. E. B. Warman, the well known lecturer and authority on physical culture. Prof. Warman treats very interestingly of health influenced by insulation; health influenced by underwear; health influenced by color; exercise, who needs it? Price 10 cents.

No. 187-How to Play Roller Polo

Edited by J. C. Morse. A full description of the game; official rules: pictures of teams; other articles of interest. Price 10 cents.

No. 188-Lawn Hockey, Tether Tennis, Golf Croquet, Volley Ball, Hand Tennis, Carden Hockey. Parlor Hockey, Badminton

Containing the rules for each game. Illustrated. Price 10 cents.

No. 189-Rules for Cames

Compiled by Jessie H. Bancroft, director of physical training, department of education, New York City. These games are intended for use at recesses, and all but the team games have been adapted to large classes. Suitable for children from three to eight years, and include a great variety, divided under the general heads of ball games, bean bag games, circle games, singing and miscellaneous games. Price 10 cents.



No. 191-How to Punch the Bag

By W. H. Rothwell ("Young Corbett"), champion featherweight of the world. This book is undoubtedly the best treatise on bag punching that has ever been printed. Every variety of blow used in training is shown and explained. The pictures comprise thirty-three full page

reproductions of Young Corbett as he appears while at work in his training quarters. The photographs were taken by our special artist and can-not be seen in any other publication than Spalding's Athletic Library No. 191. Fancy bag punching is treated by a well known theatrical bag puncher, who shows the latest tricks. Price 10 cents.



No. 193-How to Play Basket

By G. T. Hepbron, editor of the Official Basket Ball Guide. Contains full instructions for players, both for the expert and the novice, duties of officials, and specially posed full page pictures showing the correct and incorrect methods of playing.
The demand for a book of this character is fully satisfied in this publication, as many points are included which could not be incorporated in the annual

publication of the Basket Ball Guide for want of room. Price 10 cents.



No. 194-Racquets, Squash-Racquets and Court Tennis

The need of an authoritative handbook at a popular price on these games is filled by this book. How to play each game is thoroughly explained, and all the difficult strokes shown by special photographs taken especially for this book. Contains the official rules for each game, with

photographs of well known courts. Price 10 cents.



No.195-Official Roque Guide

The official publication of the National Roque Association of America. Edited by Prof. Charles Jacobus, ex-champion. Contains a description of the courts and their construction, diagrams of the field, illustrations, rules and valuable information concerning the game of roque. Price 10 cents.



No. 199-Equestrian Polo Guide

Compiled by H. L. FitzPatrick of the New York Sun. Illustrated with portraits of leading players and contains most useful information for polo players in relation to playing the game, choosing of equipment and mounts; contains the official rules and handicaps of the National Association. Price 10 cents.



No. 200-Dumb-Bells

This is undoubtedly the best work on dumb-bells that has ever been offered. The author, Mr. G. Bojus, of New York City, was formerly superintendent of physical culture in the Elizabeth (N.J.) public schools, instructor at Columbia University, instructor for four years at the Columbia summer school, and is now proprietor of the Liberty Street Gymnasium, at 121 Liberty

Street, New York City. The book contains 200 photographs of all the various exercises, with the instructions in large, readable type. It should be in the hands of every teacher and pupil of physical culture, and is invaluable for home exercise as well. Price 10 cents.

No. 201-Lacrosse-From Candidate to Team

By William C. Schmeisser, captain Johns Hopkins University champion intercollegiate lacrosse team of 1902; edited by Ronald T. Abererombie, ex-captain and coach of Johns Hopkins University lacrosse team, 1900-1904. Every position is thoroughly explained in a most simple and concise manner, rendering it the best manual of the game ever published. Illustrated with numerous snapshots of important plays. Price 10 cents.



No. 202-How to Play Base

Edited by T. H. Murnane. New and revised edition. Contents: How to become a batter, by Napoleon Lajoie, James Collins, Hugh Jennings and Jesse Tannehill; how to run the bases, by Jack Doyle and Frank L. Chance, advice to base runners, by James E. Sullivan, Secretary-Treasurer A.A.U.; how to become a good pitcher,

by Cy Young, "Rube" Waddell and Bert Cunningham; on curve pitching, by Cy Young, James J. Callahan, Frank Donahue, Vic Willis, William Dineen and Charley Nichols; how to become a good catcher, by Eddie Phelps, William Sullivan and M. J. Kittridge; how to play first base, by Navalon Laivia and William Hugh Jennings; how to play second base, by Napoleon Lajoie and William Hugh Jennings; now to play second base, by Napoteon Lajote and william Gleason; how to play third base, by James Collins and Lave Cross; how to play shortstop, by Herman Long; how to play the infield, by Charles A. Comiskey; how to play the outfield, by Fred Clarke; the earmarks of a ball player, by John J. McGraw; good advice for players; how to organize a team; how to manage a team; how to score a game; how to umpire a game; base ball rules interpreted for boys. Price 10 cents.

No. 204-Official Intercollegiate A.A.A. Handbook



Contains constitution, by-laws, laws of athletics, and rules to govern the awarding of the championship cup of the Intercollegiate Athletic Association Amateur Athletes of America, the governing body in college athletics. Contains official intercollegiate records from 1876 to 1904, with the winner's name and time in each event, list of points won by each college, and list of officers of the association from 1889 to 1904, inclusive. To anyone interested the book is invaluable as a record. Price 10 cents.

No. 205-Official Handbook of the Public Schools Athletic League

This is the official handbook of the Public Schools Athletic League, which embraces all the public schools of Greater New York. It contains the official rules that govern all the contests of the league, and constitution, by-laws and officers. Edited by Dr. Luther Halsey Gulick, superintendent of physical education in the New York public schools, and Wm. C. J. Kelly, secretary of the league. Illustrated. Price 10 cents.



No. 206-How to Play Golf

No golfer should miss having a copy of this golf guide. Harry Vardon tells how to play game, with life-like illustrations showing the different strokes. The book also contains the revised official rules, official records, as well as pictures of many important players, and a directory giving name, address, membership and length of golf course of clubs in the United States. Price 10 cents.



No. 207-Bowling on the Green; or, Lawn Bowls

How to construct a green; necessary equipment; how to play the game, and the official rules as promulgated by the Scottish Bowling Association. Edited by Mr. James W. Greig, Illustrated. Price 10 cents.

No. 208-Physical Education and Hygiene

This is the fifth of the Physical Training series, by Prof. E. B. Warman (see Nos. 142, 149, 166 and 185), and a glance at the contents will show the variety of subjects: Chapter II—Basic principles; longevity. Chapter II—Hints on eating; food values; the uses of salt. Chapter III—Medicina] value of certain foods. Chapter IV—The efficacy of sugar; sugar, food for muscular work; eating for strength and endurance; fish as brain food; food for the children. Chapter V—Digestibility; bread; appendicitis due to flour. Chapter VI—Hints on drinking—Water, milk, buttermilk, tea, coffee; how to remain young. Chapter VIII—Hints on bathing; cold, hot, warm, tepid, salt, sun, air, Russian, Turkish, cabinet. Chapter VIII—Hints on breathing; breathlessness, heart strain, second wind, yawning, the art of yogi. Price 10 cents.

No. 209-How to Become a Skater

Contains advice for beginners; how to become a figure skater thoroughly explained, with many diagrams showing how to do all the different tricks of the best figure skaters, including the Mohawk, with all its variations; Q's, forward and backward, inside and outside; the crosscuts, including the difficult Swedish style; inside and outside spins; the grapevine, with its numerous branches, and many other styles, which will be comparatively simple to any one who follows the directions given. Profusely illustrated with pictures of prominent skaters and numerous diagrams. Price 10 cents.

No. 210-How to Play Foot Ball

Edited by Walter Camp. The contents embrace everything that a beginner wants to know and many points that an expert will be glad to learn. The pictures are made from snapshots of leading teams and individual players in action, with comments by Walter Camp. Price 10 cents.



No. 211 - Spalding's Official

Edited by Walter Camp. Contains the new rules, with diagram of field as newly arranged; special chapters on the game, foot ball for the spectator, All-America teams, as selected by leading authorities; Middle West, Southern, Canadian foot ball, records, and pictures of all the prominent teams, embracing nearly 3,000 players. Price 10 cents.



No. 212-Official Basket Ball

Edited by George T. Hepbron. Contains the revised official rules, decisions on disputed points, records of prominent teams, reports on the game from various parts of the country, and pictures of hundreds of players. The standard basket ball annual of the country. Price 10 cents.



No. 213-285 Health Answers

Contents: Necessity for exercise in the summer; three rules for bicycling; when going up-hill; sitting out on summer nights; ventilating a bedroom; ventilating a house; how to obtain pure air; bathing; salt water baths at home; a substitute for ice water; drinking ice water; to cure insomnia; asleep in two minutes; for those who ride wheels; summer outdoor exercise; profuse perspiration; danger of checking perspiration; dress, bot weather, etc., etc. Price 10 cents.

No. 214-Graded Calisthenics and Dumb-Bell Drills

By Albert B. Wegener, Physical Director Y. M. C. A., Rochester, N. Y. Ever since graded apparatus work has been used in gymnastics, the necessity of having a mass drill that would harmonize with it has been felt. For years it has been the established custom in most gymnasiums of memorizing a set drill, never varied from one year's end to the other. Consequently the beginner was given the same kind and amount as the older member. With a view to giving uniformity the present treatise is attempted. Price 10 cents

No. 215-Indoor Base Ball

America's national game is now vieing with other indoor games as a winter pastime. This book contains the playing rules, pictures of leading teams, and interesting articles on the game. Price 10 cents.

No. 216-How to Become a Bowler

By S. Karpf, Secretary of the American Bowling Congress, and one of the best posted men on bowling in America. Contents: History of the sport; diagrams of effective deliveries; how to bowl; a few hints to beginners; American Bowling Congress; the national championships; how to build an alley; how to score; spares—how they are made. Rules for cocked hat, cocked hat and feather, quintet, battle game, nine up and nine down, head pin and four back, ten pins—head pin out, five back, the Newport game, ten pin head pin game, duckpin game, head pin game, Dayton candle (rubber neck) pin game, New England candle pin game. Illustrated with portraits of all the prominent bowlers. Price 10 cents.

No. 217-Official Athletic Almanac



Compiled by J. E. Sullivan, Chief Department Physical Culture, Louisiana Purchase Exposition, and Director Olympic Games, 1904. The only annual publication now issued that contains a complete list of amateur best-on-records; complete intercollegiate records; complete English records from 1866; swimming records; inter-

scholastic records; Irish, Scotch and Australasian records; reports of leading athletic meets; skating records; important athletic events and numerous photos of individual athletes and leading athletic teams. This year's issue is a special Olympic Games number and contains the only full account of the Olympic Games of 1904, and a review of Anthropological Days at the World's Fair stadium, being the first time on record where athletic events were contested in which savages were the exclusive participants, thus forming the first authoritative basis for a comparison between the abilities of the civilized athlete and the savage. Price 10 cents.

No. 218-Ice Hockey and Ice Polo

Written by the most famous player in Canada, A. Farrell, of the Shamrock hockey team of Montreal. It contains a complete description of the game, its origin, points of a good player, and an instructive article on how game is played, with diagrams and official rules. Illustrated with pictures of leading teams. Price 10 cents.



No. 219-Base Ball Percentage Book

To supply a demand for a book which would show the percentage of clubs without recourse to the arduous work of figuring, the publishers of Spalding's Athletic Library have had Mr. John B. Foster, Sporting Editor of the New York Evening Telegram, compile a book which answers every requirement, and which has met

every requirement, and which has met with the greatest praise for its accuracy and simplicity. No follower of the game can afford to be without it. Price 10 cents.



No. 220-Official Base Ball Cuide

Edited by Henry Chadwick, the "Father of Base Ball," the official publication of base ball. It contains a complete record of all leagues in America, pictures of teams, official rules and reviews of the game. The standard base ball annual of the country. Price 10 cents.



No. 221-Spalding's Lawn Tennis Annual

Contains official statistics, photographs of leading players, special articles on the game, review of important tournaments, official rules, handicapping rules and tables; list of fixtures for the current year and other valuable information. Price 10 cents.



No. 222-Spalding's Official Cricket Guide

Edited by Jerome Flannery. The most complete year book of the game that has ever been published in America. It contains all the records of the previous year, reports of special matches, official rules and pictures of all the leading teams and individual players. Price 10 cents.

An Encyclopedia of Base Ball

Attention is called to the following ten numbers of Spalding's Athletic Library, embracing the greatest collection of books of instruction for playing the various positions in the game that has ever been published. These books are entirely new and up-to-date, and contain the latest methods of play, as only last season's star players were consulted in their compilation. Each number is complete in itself and is profusely illustrated. Be sure and ask for Spalding's Athletic Library. Price 10 cents for each book. For detailed description see following numbers;

No. 223-How to Bat



The most important part of ball playing mowadays, outside of pitching, is batting. The team that can bat and has some good pitchers can win base ball games; therefore, every boy and young man who has, of course, already learned to catch, should turn his attention to this department of the game, and there is no better way of becoming proficient than by reading this book and

ing proficient than by reading this book and good advice to batsmen, and many good batters will be surprised to find contained in it so many points of which they were unaware. Edited by Jesse F. Matteson of the Chicago American, and profusely illustrated. Price 10 cents.

No. 224-How to Play the Outfield.



Compiled especially for the young player who would become an expert. The best book on playing the outfield that has ever been published. There are just as many tricks to be learned, before a player can be a competent fielder, as there are in any other position on a nine, and this book explains them all. Illustrated with numerous

page pictures of leading outfielders. Price 10 cents.

No. 225-How to Play First Base



No other position on a ball team has shown such a change for the better in recent years as first base. Modifications in line with the betterment of the sport in every department have been made at intervals, but in no other department have they been so radical. No boy who plays the initial sack can afford to overlook the points and hints contained in this book. Entirely new and up to date. Illustrated with full

page pictures of all the prominent first basemen. Price 10 cents.

No. 226-How to Play Second Base



There are so few men who can cover second base to perfection that their names can easily be called off by anyone who follows the game of base ball. Team owners who possess such players would not part with them for thousands of dollars. These men have been interviewed and their ideas incorporated in this book for the especial benefit of boys who want to know the fine points of play at this point of the diamond. Illustrated with full page pictures. Edited by J. E. Wray, sporting editor Globe-Democrat, St. Louis. Price 10 cents.

No. 227-How to Play Third Base



Third base is, in some respects, the most important of the infield. No major league team has ever won a pennant without a great third baseman. Collins of the Boston Americans and Leach of Pittsburg are two of the greatest third basemen the game has ever seen, and their teams owe much of the credit for pennants they have won to them. These men in this book describe just how they play the position. Everything a player should know is clearly set

forth and any boy will surely increase his chances of success by a careful reading of this book. Illustrated. Price 10 cents.

No. 228-How to Play Shortstop

Shortstop is one of the hardest positions on the infield to fill, and quick thought and quick action are necessary for a player who expects to make good as a shortstop. The views of every well known player who covers this position have been sought in compiling this book, and it is offered as beproduced. The boy who would excel at short needs to study it thoroughly. Illustrated. Price 10 cents. ing the most complete book of its class ever

No. 229-How to Catch



Undoubtedly the best book on catching that has yet been published. Every boy who has hopes of being a clever catcher should read how well known players cover their position. Among the more noted ones who describe their methods of play in this book are Lou Criger of the Boston Americans, Johnnie Kling of the Chicago

Louis Browns. The numerous pictures in the book comprise those of all Nationals and Jack O'Connor of the St. the noted catchers in the big leagues. Price 10 cents.

No. 230-How to Pitch



A new, up-to-date book. Published for the first time this year. No boy can afford to be without a copy of it. Edited by John B. Foster of the Evening Telegram (New York). The object of this book is to aid the beginners who aspire to become elever twirlers, and its contents are the practical teaching of men who have reached the top as pitchers, and who have had experience, both as members of the best clubs playing base ball and as contenders against teams

that have enjoyed national reputations. Cy Young, the famous Boston American pitcher, whose steadiness in the box is proverbial, gives advice on control of the ball and tells what a boy should do to obtain it; Sam Løever of the Pittsburgs shows how to pitch the outcurve; William Dineen of the Boston Americans tells how to pitch an inshoot; Thomas Hughes gives hints on pitching the drop; Joe McGinnity, the "iron man," of the New York Nationals, explains how he uses his successful raise ball and his famous "cross fire"; Christy Mathewson, the pride of the New York Polo Grounds, discusses the body swing; Frank Hahn, who is left-handed, has something of interest to those who use that member; John J. McGraw, New York Giants' brilliant manager, discourses on the pitcher as a fielder, and as he started in his base ball career as a twirler, his advice has grounds for attention; Al Orth, the "curveless wonder," tells how to make a batter do what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a batter do what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a batter do what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a batter do what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a batter do what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a batter do what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a batter do what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a batter do what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a batter do what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a feet of what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a feet of what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a feet of what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a feet of what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a feet of what you want him to do; John Powell explains how to make a feet of the way of the started in his base and how manager of the St. Louis Nationals, describes the jump ball; Frank Sparks treats of chang

No. 231-How to Coach; How to Captain a Team; How to Manage a Team; How to Umpire: How to Organize a League.



A useful guide to all who are interested in the above subjects. Jimmy Collins, manager-captair of the Boston Americans, writes on coaching; M. J. Kelly of the St. Paul champions, on captaining; Al Buckenberger of the Boston Nationals, on managing: Frank Dwyer of the American League staff, on umpiring; Fred Lake on minor leagues, and the editor of the book, T. H. Murnane, President of the New

England League, on how to organize a league. Price 10 cents. No. 232-How to Run the Bases



The importance of base running as a scientific feature of the national game is becoming more and more recognized each year. Besides being spectacular, feats of base stealing nearly always figure in the winning of a game. Many a close contest is decided on the winning of that little strip of 90 feet which lies between cushions. When hits are few and the enemy's pitchers steady, it becomes incumbent on the opposing team to get around the bases in

some manner. Effective stealing not only increases the effectiveness of

the team by advancing its runners without wasting hits, but it serves to materially disconcert the enemy and frequently has caused an entire opposing club to temporarily lose its poise and throw away the game. This book gives clear and concise directions for excelling as a base runner; tells when to run and when not to do so; how and when to slide; team work on the bases; in fact, every point of the game is thoroughly explained. In addition such clever men as Harry Bay, the fleet footed Clevelander; Frank Chance, Bill Dahlen and Hans Wagner describe their methods of action. Illustrated with pictures of leading players. Price 10 cents.

No. 233-Jiu Jitsu

A complete description of this famous Japanese system of self-defence. Each move thoroughly explained and illustrated with numerous full page pictures of Messrs. A. Minami and K. Koyama, two of the most famous exponents of the Jiu Jitsu in America, who posed especially for this book. Be sure and ask for the Spalding Athletic Library book on Jiu Jitsu. Price 10 cents.

Spalding's Athletic Library is for sale by all department stores, athletic and sporting goods dealers and newsdealers.

SPALDING'S HOME LIBRARY

Devoted to Games and Amusements for the Home Circle

- 1—Chess 16—Piquet
- 2-Whist 17-Go-Bang 3-Dominoes and Dice 18-Games of Patience
- 4-Poker 19-Children's Games
- 5-Backgammon 20-Cribbage
- 6-Euchre 21-Drawing Room Games 7-Billiards 22-Group of Card Games
- 8-Ecarte 23-Children's Games
- 9-Checkers 24-Group of Card Games 10-Bezique 25-Drawing Room Games
- 11—Pool 26—Group of Card Games
- 12-Pinochle 27-Children's Games 13-Lotto 28-Skat
- 14-Hearts 29-Drawing Room Games
- 15-Reversi 30-Baccarat

PRICE 10 CENTS PER COPY

